

ABSTRACT AND REFERENCES

CONTROL PROCESSES

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.201082

DEVELOPING A MULTILEVEL DISTRIBUTING CROWDSOURCING SYSTEM FOR AIDING AND RESCUING TO OVERCOME WIDESPREAD CRISES (p. 6–21)**Hooshang Eivazy**K.N. Toosi University of Technology, Tehran, Iran
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Today, the management of different crises in urban areas is among the main challenges of societies due to their scope and limited resources. Using the crowd to solve these problems would be a proper solution. Crowdsourcing, due to a large number of people, the diversity of expertise, superficial dispersion and low cost, has long been considered. However, managing such a volume of people to restore the crisis situation has many problems that modern IT-based techniques in recent years have Facilitates the issue.

In this paper, a distributed geospatial system consisting of segments and different users is designed that can be used to manage the crowd to solve the problems of the urban crisis. The system consists of several subsystems and several user groups that operate on the basis of spatial crowdsourcing service.

The proposed new service is an atomic, consisting of a guiding section, an operational content, and a control segment. Operational content involves performing a simple activity. Solving complex issues involves the proper combination of simple services. After identifying the crisis environment with system elements, the system design a suitable combination of services for addressing regional issues and then allocate services to appropriate rescuers at the region level. The designed mechanism to allocate and combine services is based on a multidisciplinary agent environment.

In order to evaluate, in addition to designing software test scenarios, the system was tested during the Aqala flood of 2019 in Golestan province of Iran. The system accuracy in allocation was as well as its performance when the number of users increased. The system also considerably raised various quality indicators such as rescuer fatigue or mission latency. Furthermore, an innovated crowdsourcing evaluation method also announced the overall system success rate of 44.5 %.

Keywords: spatial crowdsourcing, urban disaster management, spatial allocation, Multi-agent environment, Enterprise GIS.

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DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.198527

DEVELOPMENT OF THE TECHNOLOGY FOR CHANGING THE SEQUENCE OF ACCESS TO SHARED RESOURCES OF BUSINESS PROCESSES FOR PROCESS MANAGEMENT SUPPORT (p. 22–29)

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The model of the event log of the information system has been improved. The model contains the sequences of events consistent with implemented sequences of management actions within both the process approach and functional management approach. A strict linear order in time was assigned for each pair of events belonging to the same process. The model is designed to describe the prototype of the as-is business process.

A case-based model of a business process, describing the features of its known implementations, reflected in the event log, has been proposed. The model combines a set of implemented sequences of operations of each process and takes into consideration the time to implement these operations, as well as the resources they need. When describing the time to implement the operations of a process, delays in accessing the company's shared resources are taken into consideration. The model makes it possible to predict the terms of completing the set of business processes competing for the resources when removing or adding new processes to this set.

The technology for changing the sequence of access to resources for a set of business processes competing for these resources within the process management was developed. The proposed technology uses the case-based model of a business process to calculate the order of access to resources. The technology provides an opportunity to calculate the total reduction in delays over the implementation time in relation to the implementation terms when processes are competing for resources. The technology makes it possible to choose how to access resources with the least delay in relation to operations completion deadlines for the known variants of a business process implementation. This enables a DM to assess the possibility of launching new processes that use shared resources by reducing the waiting time when accessing these resources.

Keywords: business process, process management, resource, event, event log, case, delay in access to resources.

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DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.198742

MODELING OF THE TRANSPORT AND PRODUCTION COMPLEX IN THE GROWING OF AGRICULTURAL CROPS, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE AVIATION COMPONENT
(p. 30–39)

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Studies of the transport and technological process of growing crops revealed that it is a complex dynamic system. It is proved that the complexity of this system consists in the presence of a large number of heterogeneous subsystems, including transport, which is an important component for

growing crops. Due to the system approach to the study of transport support of the crop growing process, it became possible to identify functional features of using ground and aviation vehicles. The properties of each stage of the growing process and involvement of certain types of vehicles are determined.

The scheme of transport support of the crop growing process is developed and the influence of the aviation component at certain stages in the introduction of resource-saving No-till technology is determined.

Experimental studies showed that the use of aviation transport contributes to the introduction of resource-saving No-till technology by minimizing the mechanical processing of sown areas, which reduces the anthropogenic load on the soil.

The developed mathematical model for analyzing the use of the transport and production complex in growing crops allows making a rational choice of ground and aviation vehicles, depending on the parameters of technologies, types of crops.

Thus, there is reason to argue that it is possible to make timely and reasonable management decisions in the organization and management of agricultural production in order to maximize profits.

Keywords: technological process, No-till technology, subsystem, set of operations, types of resources, process chart, aviation equipment, ground equipment.

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DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.201087

MANAGEMENT OF AN ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN BASED ON THE MODEL OF THE ENTERPRISE'S LOGISTIC SYSTEM (p. 40–49)

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The study is devoted to solving the scientific problem of optimal expansion of the enterprise's market niche, taking into account potential demand and the formation of an effective advertising campaign. An economic-mathematical model of the enterprise's production activity has been developed taking into account logistics and market demand.

The problem of determining the optimal advertising costs is solved in two formulations:

- a) the enterprise produces homogeneous goods and the wholesale warehouse can fulfill the retail order for any quantity of goods in the wholesale warehouse;
- b) the enterprise produces some products in assortment. In this case, a certain minimum stock of products should be available at the wholesale warehouse.

The study found that the optimal advertising costs are determined by the value of all the main parameters of the enterprise's logistics system.

This conclusion was obtained as a result of careful model accounting of the structure of the enterprise's logistics system. All the main links (flows) between the elements of the logistics system were also taken into account. The simulation was performed in such a way that non-physical phenomena (for example, storage overflow, etc.) did not appear at the intermediate stages of modeling. The calculations found that with the planned capacity of 4.1 (units per day), the annual profit will be 3975.5 (units) with an optimal advertising cost of 44.8 (units). The practical significance of the study is that scientific ideas about the relationship of the advertising campaign with the production potential of the enterprise can serve as the basis for more efficient management of the budget process at the enterprise, namely: more informed planning of production volumes and expenses for its advertising campaign.

Keywords: model approach, optimal advertising costs, logistics, management of logistics processes, market demand, planning horizon, supply chain from manufacturer to final consumer.

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DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.199477

CONTENT OPTIMIZATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF MULTIPROJECT OF A SHIPPING COMPANY (p. 50–57)

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An economic-mathematical model of content optimization of the development multi-project of the project-oriented enterprise in a general form is proposed. The developed economic-mathematical model of multi-project content optimization allows creating a development multi-project taking into account the specifics of the activity, resources and capabilities of the company.

It is shown that the current situation requires new methods in managing problem areas of the economy. The issue of attracting and distributing resources is particularly relevant for shipping companies.

The economic-mathematical model of content optimization of the development multi-project of a shipping company is experimentally investigated. It is shown that the connection between projects in the development multi-project of the shipping enterprise is implemented through resources and strategic goals.

The connections between development projects are investigated. The relationship between projects within the framework of the development multi-project of the shipping company in such areas as: resource restrictions, restrictions at the level of goals, restrictions at the organization level is considered. The presented economic-mathematical model of content optimization of the development multi-project of the shipping company allows determining strategic goals in the long period, evaluating the resources needed to achieve them, and determining the sources of their replenishment. The economic-mathematical model makes it possible to take into account not only resource limitations, but also the compliance of the results of the multi-project with the strategic goals of the company.

The optimal content of the development multi-project of the shipping company is obtained for a given level of the company's ability to finance projects in the current period; and the company's ability to finance projects as part of the multi-project throughout the entire life cycle.

The presented approach to the formation of the development multi-project of the shipping company allows achieving the strategic goals of the company in the unity of the project, multi-project and portfolio of the enterprise.

Keywords: economic-mathematical model of multi-project content optimization, development of shipping company, strategic planning.

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DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2020.200332
ASSESSING THE QUALITY LEVEL OF
TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES AT CAR
SERVICE ENTERPRISES (p. 58–75)

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This paper addresses the problem of the level of maintenance and repair of motor vehicles depending on the parameters that take into consideration the internal state of a car service enterprise and the external factors that characterize the environment of its functioning, as well as the cars serviced by the enterprise. The course of the study

involved a morphological analysis of the auto service system, based on which the functional elements of the system were determined, as well as the essential morphological attributes of these elements and the variants for their implementation. In order to identify the degree of influence exerted by these morphological attributes on the quality of technological processes performance, a survey of the typical Ukrainian car service enterprises has been carried out and a mathematical model of the system has been built in the form of a linear multiple regression equation. The preliminary verification of the input parameters of the system model for multicollinearity based on the Farrar-Glober algorithm has made it possible to separate the independent ones among them and to reduce the complexity of further calculations. The regression equation coefficients characterize the degree of importance of considering the appropriate parameters when designing an automated quality management system. To improve the adequacy of the model and to reduce the complexity of the simulation process, the source data array has been divided into the training and control samples using an algorithm based on computing the values for the sampling variance. In order to obtain the most adequate model, the nonlinear models of the examined system of the Mamdani and Sugeno type have been constructed. To this end, the MATLAB software suite was employed with its Fuzzy Logic Toolbox. The input and output parameters' membership functions were set in a trapezoidal form. The nonlinear models have been implemented for various defuzzification methods of the output parameter. The smallest root mean square error of the resultant characteristic was obtained when implementing the Sugeno-type model; it was 1.07 %. This indicates the expediency of integrating the specified model into a quality management system in order to determine the optimal operating modes. The study results could be applied to assess the quality of the services rendered by car service systems at the micro- and macro levels.

Keywords: auto-service enterprise, quality level, morphological analysis, linear multiple regression, fuzzy logical derivation.

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