

## ABSTRACT AND REFERENCES

## TECHNOLOGY ORGANIC AND INORGANIC SUBSTANCES

**DOI:** 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.144553
**INVESTIGATION OF THE STRUCTURE AND SORPTION PECULIARITIES OF COBALT AND URANIUM IONS BY NANOCOMPOSITES BASED ON MONTMORILLONITE AND TETRAETHOXYSILANE**  
**(p. 6-11)**
**Dmytro Doroshenko**National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1024-2279>**Igor Pylypenko**National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0236-7266>**Iryna Kovalchuk**Institute for Sorption and Problems of Endoecology NAS of Ukraine, Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5687-5530>**Borys Kornilovich**National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6393-6880>**Larysa Spasonova**National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7562-7241>

The structure and adsorption characteristics of silica- and montmorillonite-based nanocomposites are investigated. Tetraethoxysilane was used as a source of silica. The porous structure was investigated by the method of low-temperature nitrogen adsorption.

According to the research results, it was found that a small amount of silica in nanocomposite samples (14 % SiO<sub>2</sub>) contributes to the formation of material with a larger specific surface area and greater number of meso- and macropores compared to original montmorillonite. This, in turn, leads to a better diffusion of ions of different nature into the nanocomposite structure. An increase in the silica content (up to 57 % SiO<sub>2</sub>) allows obtaining microporous samples with a large specific surface area.

It was determined that the increase of the montmorillonite content in the investigated samples contributes to the improvement of the adsorption properties of nanocomposites in relation to the removal of cobalt(II) ions from the aqueous medium. At an optimum silica content (3–14 % SiO<sub>2</sub>), the experimental samples retain high values of maximum cobalt adsorption (14 mg/g), as well as original montmorillonite. It was also found that an increase in the silica concentration in the samples increases the efficiency of removal of uranium(VI) ions from the aqueous medium (from 12 mg/g in original montmorillonite to 25 mg/g for nanocomposites with a silica content of 57 %). This is due to, first, an increase in the specific surface area of the samples, and secondly – an increase in the number of surface hydroxyl groups, which more selectively remove uranium from solutions. Thus, selection of the chemical composition of nanocomposites based on silica gel and montmorillonite allows regulating porous structures and

surface chemistry, and thus increasing the sorbent efficiency depending on the task.

**Keywords:** porous structure, template-free synthesis, aluminosilicate adsorbents, structural modification, cobalt adsorption, uranium adsorption.

## References

- Merkel, B. J., Hasche-Berger, A. (Eds.) (2006). Uranium in the Environment: Mining Impact and Consequences. Freiberg. Taylor & Francis, 897. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/3-540-28367-6>
- Atwood, D. A. (2013). Radionuclides in the Environment. Chichester: John Wiley & Sons, 560.
- Tournassat, C., Tinnacher, R. M., Grangeon, S., Davis, J. A. (2018). Modeling uranium(VI) adsorption onto montmorillonite under varying carbonate concentrations: A surface complexation model accounting for the spillover effect on surface potential. Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta, 220, 291–308. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gca.2017.09.049>
- Hu, W., Lu, S., Song, W., Chen, T., Hayat, T., Alsaedi, N. S. et. al. (2018). Competitive adsorption of U(VI) and Co(II) on montmorillonite: A batch and spectroscopic approach. Applied Clay Science, 157, 121–129. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2018.02.030>
- Wang, Y., Zheng, Z., Zhao, Y., Huang, J., Zhang, Z., Cao, X. et. al. (2018). Adsorption of U(VI) on montmorillonite pillared with hydroxy-aluminum. Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry, 317 (1), 69–80. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10967-018-5913-2>
- Zhu, R., Chen, Q., Zhou, Q., Xi, Y., Zhu, J., He, H. (2016). Adsorbents based on montmorillonite for contaminant removal from water: A review. Applied Clay Science, 123, 239–258. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2015.12.024>
- Eliche-Quesada, D., Azevedo-Da Cunha, R., Corpas-Iglesias, F. A. (2015). Effect of sludge from oil refining industry or sludge from pomace oil extraction industry addition to clay ceramics. Applied Clay Science, 114, 202–211. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2015.06.009>
- Jaeckels, N., Tenzer, S., Meier, M., Will, F., Dietrich, H., Decker, H., Fronk, P. (2017). Influence of bentonite fining on protein composition in wine. LWT, 75, 335–343. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lwt.2016.08.062>
- Tiruneh, A. T., Debessai, T. Y., Bwembya, G. C. et. al. (2018). Combined clay adsorption-coagulation process for the removal of some heavy metals from water and wastewater. American Journal of Environmental Engineering, 8 (2), 25–35.
- He, R., Wang, Z., Tan, L., Zhong, Y., Li, W., Xing, D. et. al. (2018). Design and fabrication of highly ordered ion imprinted SBA-15 and MCM-41 mesoporous organosilicas for efficient removal of Ni<sup>2+</sup> from different properties of wastewaters. Microporous and Mesoporous Materials, 257, 212–221. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.micromeso.2017.08.007>
- Aguiar, J. E., Cecilia, J. A., Tavares, P. A. S., Azevedo, D. C. S., Castellón, E. R., Lucena, S. M. P., Silva, I. J. (2017). Adsorption study of reactive dyes onto porous clay heterostructures. Applied Clay Science, 135, 35–44. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2016.09.001>
- Cecilia, J. A., García-Sancho, C., Vilarrasa-García, E., Jiménez-Jiménez, J., Rodríguez-Castellón, E. (2018). Synthesis, Characterization, Uses and Applications of Porous Clays Heterostructures: A

- Review. *The Chemical Record*, 18 (7-8), 1085–1104. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/tcr.201700107>
13. Sadek, O. M., Reda, S. M., Al-Bilali, R. K. (2013). Preparation and Characterization of Silica and Clay-Silica Core-Shell Nanoparticles Using Sol-Gel Method. *Advances in Nanoparticles*, 02 (02), 165–175. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4236/anp.2013.22025>
  14. Abou Khalil, T., Ben Chaabene, S., Boujday, S., Blanchard, J., Bergaoui, L. (2015). A new method for elaborating mesoporous  $\text{SiO}_2$ /montmorillonite composite materials. *Journal of Sol-Gel Science and Technology*, 75 (2), 436–446. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10971-015-3716-2>
  15. Shu, Z., Li, T., Zhou, J., Chen, Y., Yu, D., Wang, Y. (2014). Template-free preparation of mesoporous silica and alumina from natural kaolinite and their application in methylene blue adsorption. *Applied Clay Science*, 102, 33–40. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2014.10.006>
  16. Li, T., Shu, Z., Zhou, J., Chen, Y., Yu, D., Yuan, X., Wang, Y. (2015). Template-free synthesis of kaolin-based mesoporous silica with improved specific surface area by a novel approach. *Applied Clay Science*, 107, 182–187. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2015.01.022>
  17. Doroshenko, D., Pylypenko, I., Kornilovich, B., Subbotina, I. (2018). Preparation of porous silica nanocomposites from montmorillonite using sol-gel approach. *Technology Audit and Production Reserves*, 4 (3 (42)), 4–9. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/2312-8372.2018.140355>
  18. Rouquerol, J., Rouquerol, F., Llewellyn, P. et. al. (2014). Adsorption by powders and porous solids principles, methodology and applications. Elsevier, 646. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/c2010-0-66232-8>
  19. Rios, X., Moriones, P., Echeverría, J. C., Luquín, A., Laguna, M., Garrido, J. J. (2011). Characterisation of hybrid xerogels synthesised in acid media using methyltriethoxysilane (MTEOS) and tetraethoxysilane (TEOS) as precursors. *Adsorption*, 17 (3), 583–593. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10450-011-9331-9>
  20. Li, X. L., Chen, C. L., Chang, P. P., Yu, S. M., Wu, W. S., Wang, X. K. (2009). Comparative studies of cobalt sorption and desorption on bentonite, alumina and silica: effect of pH and fulvic acid. *Desalination*, 244 (1-3), 283–292. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.desal.2008.04.045>
  21. Li, S., Wang, X., Huang, Z., Du, L., Tan, Z., Fu, Y., Wang, X. (2015). Sorption and desorption of uranium(VI) on GMZ bentonite: effect of pH, ionic strength, foreign ions and humic substances. *Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry*, 308 (3), 877–886. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10967-015-4513-7>
  22. Liu, G., Mei, H., Zhu, H., Fang, M., Alharbi, N. S., Hayat, T. et. al. (2017). Investigation of U(VI) sorption on silica aerogels: Effects of specific surface area, pH and coexistent electrolyte ions. *Journal of Molecular Liquids*, 246, 140–148. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molliq.2017.09.066>
  23. Lamb, A. C. M., Grieser, F., Healy, T. W. (2016). The adsorption of uranium (VI) onto colloidal  $\text{TiO}_2$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$  and carbon black. *Colloids and Surfaces A: Physicochemical and Engineering Aspects*, 499, 156–162. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.colsurfa.2016.04.003>

**DOI:** 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.143126

**“THE POPCORN EFFECT”: OBTAINING OF THE HIGHLY ACTIVE ULTRAFINE NICKEL HYDROXIDE BY MICROWAVE TREATMENT OF WET PRECIPITATE (p. 12-20)**

**Vadym Kovalenko**

Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology, Dnipro, Ukraine  
Federal State Educational Institution of Higher Education “Vyatka State University”, Russian Federation

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8012-6732>

**Valerii Kotok**

Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology, Dnipro, Ukraine  
Federal State Educational Institution of Higher Education “Vyatka State University”, Russian Federation  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8879-7189>

Nickel hydroxide is widely used as an active material of supercapacitors. The most active are samples of  $\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  with  $(\alpha+\beta)$  layered structure synthesized in a slit diaphragm electrolyzer. However, the processes that occur during filtering and drying; negatively impact electrochemical activity. The influence of microwave treatment of different times (from 0.5 to 5 min) on the structure, surface morphology and porous structure, and also on the electrochemical properties of nickel hydroxide samples prepared in a slit diaphragm electrolyzer; has been studied. A hypothesis was proposed on the existence of the “popcorn effect”: short-term high-power microwave irradiation of the wet sample would result in water boiling and internal explosion of the sample. Treated and untreated samples were studied by means of X-ray diffraction analysis, scanning electron microscopy and BET nitrogen adsorption-desorption. Electrochemical characteristics were studied by means of galvanostatic charge-discharge cycling in the supercapacitor regime. The existence of the “popcorn effect” has been confirmed by increased sample thickness after microwave treatment by 1.94 times, specific surface area 2.13 times, pore volume by 2.66 times, and average pore diameter by 1.46 times. It was discovered; that increasing treatment duration to 2–5 min leads to microwave drying. XRD results revealed the occurrence of ageing (crystallization) processes of nickel hydroxide during thermal drying and their absence upon realization of the “popcorn effect”. This results in the formation of X-ray amorphous samples. Comparative analysis of electrochemical characteristics of treated and untreated  $\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  samples was performed. An increase of specific capacity at high current densities ( $80$  and  $120 \text{ mA/cm}^2$ ) for treated samples was observed: by 10.9 % upon microwave drying, 24–42 % upon realization of the “popcorn effect”. The maximum capacity of  $231.1 \text{ F/g}$  has been observed for the sample, in which the “popcorn effect” was realized the most. However, microwave treatment resulted in lower capacities at low cycling current density. This is related to the thermal treatment of the particle surface, caused by rapid boiling of water. A magnetron of a higher power is required for avoiding this negative effect.

**Keywords:** nickel hydroxide, specific capacity, supercapacitor, microwave treatment, specific surface area, ageing.

## References

1. Simon, P., Gogotsi, Y. (2008). Materials for electrochemical capacitors. *Nature Materials*, 7 (11), 845–854. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1038/nmat2297>
2. Burke, A. (2007). R&D considerations for the performance and application of electrochemical capacitors. *Electrochimica Acta*, 53 (3), 1083–1091. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2007.01.011>
3. Lang, J.-W., Kong, L.-B., Liu, M., Luo, Y.-C., Kang, L. (2009). Asymmetric supercapacitors based on stabilized  $\alpha\text{-Ni(OH)}_2$  and activated carbon. *Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry*, 14 (8), 1533–1539. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10008-009-0984-1>
4. Lang, J.-W., Kong, L.-B., Wu, W.-J., Liu, M., Luo, Y.-C., Kang, L. (2008). A facile approach to the preparation of loose-packed  $\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  nanoflake materials for electrochemical capacitors. *Journal of Solid State Electro-*

- chemistry, 13 (2), 333–340. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10008-008-0560-0>
5. Aghazadeh, M., Ghaemi, M., Sabour, B., Dalvand, S. (2014). Electrochemical preparation of  $\alpha$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> ultrafine nanoparticles for high-performance supercapacitors. *Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry*, 18 (6), 1569–1584. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10008-014-2381-7>
  6. Zheng, C., Liu, X., Chen, Z., Wu, Z., Fang, D. (2014). Excellent supercapacitive performance of a reduced graphene oxide/Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> composite synthesized by a facile hydrothermal route. *Journal of Central South University*, 21 (7), 2596–2603. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11771-014-2218-7>
  7. Wang, B., Williams, G. R., Chang, Z., Jiang, M., Liu, J., Lei, X., Sun, X. (2014). Hierarchical NiAl Layered Double Hydroxide/Multi-walled Carbon Nanotube/Nickel Foam Electrodes with Excellent Pseudocapacitive Properties. *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces*, 6 (18), 16304–16311. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/am504530e>
  8. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V., Bolotin, O. (2016). Definition of factors influencing on Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> electrochemical characteristics for supercapacitors. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 5 (6 (83)), 17–22. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2016.79406>
  9. Ramesh, T. N., Kamath, P. V., Shivakumara, C. (2005). Correlation of Structural Disorder with the Reversible Discharge Capacity of Nickel Hydroxide Electrode. *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, 152 (4), A806. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1149/1.1865852>
  10. Zhao, Y., Zhu, Z., Zhuang, Q.-K. (2005). The relationship of spherical nano-Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> microstructure with its voltammetric behavior. *Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry*, 10 (11), 914–919. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10008-005-0035-5>
  11. Jayashree, R. S., Kamath, P. V., Subbanna, G. N. (2000). The Effect of Crystallinity on the Reversible Discharge Capacity of Nickel Hydroxide. *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, 147 (6), 2029. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1149/1.1393480>
  12. Jayashree, R. S., Kamath, P. V. (1999). Factors governing the electrochemical synthesis of  $\alpha$ -nickel (II) hydroxide. *Journal of Applied Electrochemistry*, 29 (4), 449–454. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1023/a:1003493711239>
  13. Ramesh, T. N., Kamath, P. V. (2006). Synthesis of nickel hydroxide: Effect of precipitation conditions on phase selectivity and structural disorder. *Journal of Power Sources*, 156 (2), 655–661. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2005.05.050>
  14. Rajamathi, M., Vishnu Kamath, P., Seshadri, R. (2000). Polymorphism in nickel hydroxide: role of interstratification. *Journal of Materials Chemistry*, 10 (2), 503–506. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1039/a905651c>
  15. Hu, M., Yang, Z., Lei, L., Sun, Y. (2011). Structural transformation and its effects on the electrochemical performances of a layered double hydroxide. *Journal of Power Sources*, 196 (3), 1569–1577. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2010.08.041>
  16. Solovov, V., Kovalenko, V., Nikolenko, N., Kotok, V., Vlasova, E. (2017). Influence of temperature on the characteristics of Ni(II), Ti(IV) layered double hydroxides synthesised by different methods. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (6 (85)), 16–22. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.90873>
  17. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V. (2017). Study of the influence of the template concentration under homogeneous precipitation on the properties of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> for supercapacitors. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (6 (88)), 17–22. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.106813>
  18. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V. (2017). Obtaining of Ni-Al layered double hydroxide by slit diaphragm electrolyzer. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (6 (86)), 11–17. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.95699>
  19. Kotok, V., Kovalenko, V. (2017). The properties investigation of the faradaic supercapacitor electrode formed on foamed nickel substrate with polyvinyl alcohol using. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (12 (88)), 31–37. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.108839>
  20. Kotok, V., Kovalenko, V. (2017). The electrochemical cathodic template synthesis of nickel hydroxide thin films for electrochromic devices: role of temperature. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (11 (86)), 28–34. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.97371>
  21. Vidotti, M., Torresi, R., Torresi, S. I. C. de. (2010). Nickel hydroxide modified electrodes: a review study concerning its structural and electrochemical properties aiming the application in electrocatalysis, electrochromism and secondary batteries. *Química Nova*, 33 (10), 2176–2186. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1590/s0100-40422010001000030>
  22. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V. (2017). Definition of effectiveness of  $\beta$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> application in the alkaline secondary cells and hybrid supercapacitors. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 5 (6 (89)), 17–22. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.110390>
  23. Hall, D. S., Lockwood, D. J., Poirier, S., Bock, C., MacDougall, B. R. (2012). Raman and Infrared Spectroscopy of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  Phases of Thin Nickel Hydroxide Films Electrochemically Formed on Nickel. *The Journal of Physical Chemistry A*, 116 (25), 6771–6784. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/jp303546r>
  24. Hermet, P., Gourrier, L., Bantignies, J.-L., Ravot, D., Michel, T., Deabate, S. et. al. (2011). Dielectric, magnetic, and phonon properties of nickel hydroxide. *Physical Review B*, 84 (23). doi: <https://doi.org/10.1103/physrevb.84.235211>
  25. Gourrier, L., Deabate, S., Michel, T., Paillet, M., Hermet, P., Bantignies, J.-L., Henn, F. (2011). Characterization of Unusually Large “Pseudo-Single Crystal” of  $\beta$ -Nickel Hydroxide. *The Journal of Physical Chemistry C*, 115 (30), 15067–15074. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/jp203222t>
  26. Kovalenko, V. L., Kotok, V. A., Sykchin, A. A., Mudryi, I. A., Ananchenko, B. A., Burkov, A. A. et. al. (2016). Nickel hydroxide obtained by high-temperature two-step synthesis as an effective material for supercapacitor applications. *Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry*, 21 (3), 683–691. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10008-016-3405-2>
  27. Miao, C., Zhu, Y., Zhao, T., Jian, X., Li, W. (2015). Synthesis and electrochemical performance of mixed phase  $\alpha/\beta$  nickel hydroxide by codoping with Ca<sup>2+</sup> and PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>. *Ionics*, 21 (12), 3201–3208. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11581-015-1507-y>
  28. Li, Y., Yao, J., Zhu, Y., Zou, Z., Wang, H. (2012). Synthesis and electrochemical performance of mixed phase  $\alpha/\beta$  nickel hydroxide. *Journal of Power Sources*, 203, 177–183. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2011.11.081>
  29. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V. (2018). Comparative investigation of electrochemically synthesized ( $\alpha+\beta$ ) layered nickel hydroxide with mixture of  $\alpha$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> and  $\beta$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (6 (92)), 16–22. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.125886>

30. Kotok, V., Kovalenko, V., Malyshev, V. (2017). Comparison of oxygen evolution parameters on different types of nickel hydroxide. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 5 (12 (89)), 12–19. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.109770>
31. Burmistr, M. V., Boiko, V. S., Lipko, E. O., Gerasimenko, K. O., Gomza, Y. P., Vesnin, R. L. et. al. (2014). Antifriction and Construction Materials Based on Modified Phenol-Formaldehyde Resins Reinforced with Mineral and Synthetic Fibrous Fillers. Mechanics of Composite Materials, 50 (2), 213–222. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11029-014-9408-0>
32. Vlasova, E., Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V., Vlasov, S. (2016). Research of the mechanism of formation and properties of tripolyphosphate coating on the steel basis. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 5 (5 (83)), 33–39. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2016.79559>
33. Kotok, V., Kovalenko, V. (2017). Electrochromism of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> films obtained by cathode template method with addition of Al, Zn, Co ions. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 3 (12 (87)), 38–43. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103010>
34. Kotok, V. A., Kovalenko, V. L., Kovalenko, P. V., Solovov, V. A., Deabate, S., Mehdi, A. et. al. (2017). Advanced electrochromic Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>/PVA films formed by electrochemical template synthesis. ARPN Journal of Engineering and Applied Sciences, 12 (13), 3962–3977.
35. Li, L., Seng, K. H., Liu, H., Nevirkovets, I. P., Guo, Z. (2013). Synthesis of Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>-anchored graphene sheet nanocomposites via a facile, fast microwave hydrothermal method and their supercapacitive behavior. *Electrochimica Acta*, 87, 801–808. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2012.08.127>
36. Zhang, X., Sun, X., Zhang, H., Zhang, D., Ma, Y. (2013). Microwave-assisted reflux rapid synthesis of MnO<sub>2</sub> nanostructures and their application in supercapacitors. *Electrochimica Acta*, 87, 637–644. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2012.10.022>
37. Ming, B., Li, J., Kang, F., Pang, G., Zhang, Y., Chen, L. et. al. (2012). Microwave–hydrothermal synthesis of birnessite-type MnO<sub>2</sub> nanospheres as supercapacitor electrode materials. *Journal of Power Sources*, 198, 428–431. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2011.10.003>
38. Zhu, Z., Wei, N., Liu, H., He, Z. (2011). Microwave-assisted hydrothermal synthesis of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> architectures and their in situ thermal conversion to NiO. *Advanced Powder Technology*, 22 (3), 422–426. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apt.2010.06.008>
39. Mondal, A. K., Su, D., Chen, S., Zhang, J., Ung, A., Wang, G. (2014). Microwave-assisted synthesis of spherical β-Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> superstructures for electrochemical capacitors with excellent cycling stability. *Chemical Physics Letters*, 610–611, 115–120. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cplett.2014.07.025>
40. Yan, J., Fan, Z., Sun, W., Ning, G., Wei, T., Zhang, Q. et. al. (2012). Advanced Asymmetric Supercapacitors Based on Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>/Graphene and Porous Graphene Electrodes with High Energy Density. *Advanced Functional Materials*, 22 (12), 2632–2641. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/adfm.201102839>
41. Xu, L., Ding, Y.-S., Chen, C.-H., Zhao, L., Rimkus, C., Joesten, R., Suib, S. L. (2008). 3D Flowerlike α-Nickel Hydroxide with Enhanced Electrochemical Activity Synthesized by Microwave-Assisted Hydrothermal Method. *Chemistry of Materials*, 20 (1), 308–316. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/cm702207w>
42. Zhang, X., Li, C., Miao, W., Sun, X., Wang, K., Ma, Y. (2015). Microwave-assisted synthesis of 3D flowerlike α-Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> nanostructures for supercapacitor application. *Science China Technological Sciences*, 58 (11), 1871–1876. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11431-015-5934-9>
43. Xu, J., Dong, Y., Cao, J., Guo, B., Wang, W., Chen, Z. (2013). Microwave-incorporated hydrothermal synthesis of urchin-like Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>–Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> hollow microspheres and their supercapacitor applications. *Electrochimica Acta*, 114, 76–82. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2013.09.161>
44. Araszkiewicz, M., Kozioł, A., Oskwarek, A., Lupinski, M. (2004). Microwave Drying of Porous Materials. *Drying Technology*, 22 (10), 2331–2341. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1081/drt-200040014>
45. Jeanolovicius, L. A., Senise, J. T., do Nascimento, R. B. (2007). Microwave drying of zinc sulfate. 2007 SBMO/IEEE MTT-S International Microwave and Optoelectronics Conference. 2007. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1109/imoc.2007.4404264>
46. González, M. D., Cesteros, Y., Salagre, P. (2010). Effect of microwaves on the surface and acidic properties of dealuminated zeolites. *Physics Procedia*, 8, 104–108. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.phpro.2010.10.019>
47. Pinheiro, L. B., Martinelli, A. E., Fonseca, F. C. (2014). Effects of Microwave Processing on the Properties of Nickel Oxide/Zirconia/Ceria Composites. *Advanced Materials Research*, 975, 154–159. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/amr.975.154>
48. Soler-Illia, G. J. de A. A., Jobbág, M., Regazzoni, A. E., Blesa, M. A. (1999). Synthesis of Nickel Hydroxide by Homogeneous Alkalination. Precipitation Mechanism. *Chemistry of Materials*, 11 (11), 3140–3146. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/cm9902220>
49. Kovalenko, V., Kotok, V. (2018). Influence of ultrasound and template on the properties of nickel hydroxide as an active substance of supercapacitors. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 3 (12 (93)), 32–39. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.133548>
50. Kotok, V., Kovalenko, V. (2017). Optimization of nickel hydroxide electrode of the hybrid supercapacitor. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 1 (6 (85)), 4–9. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.90810>

**DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.143793****ESTABLISHING THE PATTERNS IN THE FORMATION OF OXIDE FILMS ON THE ALLOY Ti6Al4V IN CARBONIC ACID SOLUTIONS (p. 21-26)****Maryna Ivashchenko**

Ukrainian State University of Railway Transport, Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9202-6448>**Olha Smirnova**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9869-7007>**Svitlana Kyselova**

Ukrainian State University of Railway Transport, Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9331-9712>**Svetlana Avina**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5037-8576>**Alexander Sincheskul**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7723-4329>

**Alexei Pilipenko**  
 National Technical University  
 «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5004-3680>

This paper reports results of studying the features of the formation of thin interference-colored oxide films on the alloy Ti6Al4V alloy in solutions of carboxylic acids. It has been established that a change in voltage on the cell corresponding to the molding dependence of the alloy depends on the anodic current density. At current densities  $<0.5 \text{ A}\cdot\text{dm}^{-2}$ , a continuous oxide film is not formed at the alloy surface and the assigned voltage value is not reached. An increase in current density to values higher than  $0.5 \text{ A}\cdot\text{dm}^{-2}$  predetermines a linear change in voltage over time with followed by reaching the assigned magnitude U. The maximum film thickness for these conditions is defined by the voltage magnitude and does not depend on the electrolysis mode. Color of the oxide film is defined by the specified value for the molding voltage and does not depend on current density, nature and concentration of carboxylic acid. A match between the molding dependences of oxidation obtained in different electrolytes suggests that the formation of oxide proceeds in line with the same mechanism. The obtained data are explained by the fact that the formation of oxide under the galvanic static mode takes place under conditions of the presence of a constant potential gradient in the oxide film. An increase in the voltage magnitude applied to the cell predetermines a proportional increase in the maximum oxide thickness, since it leads to an increase in the amount of electricity passed through the cell and a corresponding increase in the mass of the oxidized metal. Results of the study into determining the effect of the nature of carboxylic acid on the formation process of an oxide film on the alloy Ti6Al4V using the method of electrochemical oxidation have demonstrated that the nature of the electrolyte does not affect the characteristics of its formation. The obtained data allow us to suggest that the choice of an electrolyte for the development of a technology for electrochemical oxidation of titanium implants should be based on the results of studying the functional properties of the obtained coatings.

**Keywords:** anodic polarization, electrochemical oxidation, oxide film, molding dependence, potential gradient.

## References

1. Adya, N., Alam, M., Ravindranath, T., Mubeen, A., Saluja, B. (2005). Corrosion in titanium dental implants: literature review. *The Journal of Indian Prosthodontic Society*, 5 (3), 126. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4103/0972-4052.17104>
2. Mohammed, M. T., Khan, Z. A., Siddiquee, A. N. (2014). Surface Modifications of Titanium Materials for developing Corrosion Behavior in Human Body Environment: A Review. *Procedia Materials Science*, 6, 1610–1618. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mspro.2014.07.144>
3. Garg, H., Bedi, G., Garg, A. (2012). Implant surface modifications: a review. *Journal of Clinical and Diagnostic Research*, 6 (2), 319–324.
4. Liu, X., Chu, P., Ding, C. (2004). Surface modification of titanium, titanium alloys, and related materials for biomedical applications. *Materials Science and Engineering: R: Reports*, 47 (3-4), 49–121. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mser.2004.11.001>
5. Pilipenko, A., Pancheva, H., Deineka, V., Vorozhbiyan, R., Chyrkina, M. (2018). Formation of oxide fuels on VT6 alloy in the conditions of anodial polarization in solutions H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 3 (6 (93)), 33–38. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.132521>
6. Popa, M. V., Vasilescu, E., Drob, P., Anghel, M., Vasilescu, C., Mirza-Rosca, I., Santana Lopez, A. (2002). Anodic passivity of some titanium base alloys in aggressive environments. *Materials and Corrosion*, 53 (1), 51–55. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1002/1521-4176\(200201\)53:1<51::aid-maco51>3.0.co;2-6](https://doi.org/10.1002/1521-4176(200201)53:1<51::aid-maco51>3.0.co;2-6)
7. Yan, Z. M., Guo, T. W., Pan, H. B., Yu, J. J. (2002). Influences of Electrolyzing Voltage on Chromatics of Anodized Titanium Dentures. *Materials Transactions*, 43 (12), 3142–3145. doi: <https://doi.org/10.2320/matertrans.43.3142>
8. Diamanti, M. V., Del Curto, B., Masconale, V., Passaro, C., Pedererri, M. P. (2011). Anodic coloring of titanium and its alloy for jewels production. *Color Research & Application*, 37 (5), 384–390. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/col.20683>
9. Gaul, E. (1993). Coloring titanium and related metals by electrochemical oxidation. *Journal of Chemical Education*, 70 (3), 176. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/ed070p176>
10. Shibata, T., Zhu, Y.-C. (1995). The effect of film formation conditions on the structure and composition of anodic oxide films on titanium. *Corrosion Science*, 37 (2), 253–270. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/0010-938X\(94\)00133-q](https://doi.org/10.1016/0010-938X(94)00133-q)
11. Diamanti, M. V., Del Curto, B., Pedererri, M. (2008). Interference colors of thin oxide layers on titanium. *Color Research & Application*, 33 (3), 221–228. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/col.20403>
12. Lu, J. (2017). Enhanced Corrosion Resistance of TA2 Titanium via Anodic Oxidation in Mixed Acid System. *International Journal of Electrochemical Science*, 2763–2776. doi: <https://doi.org/10.20964/2017.04.69>
13. Napoli, G., Paura, M., Vela, T., Di Schino, A. (2018). Coloring titanium alloys by anodic oxidation. *Metalurgija*, 1-2, 111–113.
14. Hamouda, I. M., El-wassefy, N. A., Marzook, H. A., El-deen, A. N., Habib, A., El-awady, G. Y. (2014). Micro-photographic analysis of titanium anodization to assess bio-activation. *Eur. J. Biotech. Biosci.*, 3, 17.
15. Choudhary, R. K., Sarkar, P., Biswas, A., Mishra, P., Abraham, G. J., Sastry, P. U., Kain, V. (2017). Structure, Morphology and Optical Properties of TiO<sub>2</sub> Films Formed by Anodizing in a Mixed Solution of Citric Acid and Sulfamic Acid. *Journal of Materials Engineering and Performance*, 26 (8), 4001–4010. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11665-017-2818-0>
16. Schmidt, A. M., Azambuja, D. S. (2006). Electrochemical behavior of Ti and Ti6Al4V in aqueous solutions of citric acid containing halides. *Materials Research*, 9 (4), 387–392. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1590/s1516-14392006000400008>
17. Sul, Y.-T., Johansson, C. B., Jeong, Y., Albrektsson, T. (2001). The electrochemical oxide growth behaviour on titanium in acid and alkaline electrolytes. *Medical Engineering & Physics*, 23 (5), 329–346. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/s1350-4533\(01\)00050-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/s1350-4533(01)00050-9)
18. Al-Swaih, A. (2016). The Electrochemical Behavior of Titanium Improved by Nanotubular Oxide Formed by Anodization for Biomaterial Applications: A Review. *Oriental Journal of Chemistry*, 32 (6), 2841–2856. doi: <https://doi.org/10.13005/ojc/320602>
19. Fu, C., Liang, H., Yu, M., Liu, J., Li, S. (2015). Effect of tartaric acid concentration on the anodic behaviour of titanium alloy. *International Journal of Electrochemical Science*, 10, 3431–3441.
20. Liu, Z. J., Zhong, X., Walton, J., Thompson, G. E. (2015). Anodic Film Growth of Titanium Oxide Using the 3-Electrode Electro-

- chemical Technique: Effects of Oxygen Evolution and Morphological Characterizations. *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, 163 (3), E75–E82. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1149/2.0181603jes>
21. Yu, M., Liang, H., Liu, J., Wu, L., Li, X., Zhu, M. (2014). Effect of tartaric acid on anodic behaviour of titanium alloy. *Surface Engineering*, 31 (12), 912–918. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1179/1743294414y.0000000402>
  22. Smirnova, O., Pilipenko, A., Pancheva, H., Zhelavskyi, A., Rutkovska, K. (2018). Study of anode processes during development of the new complex thiocarbamidecitrate copper plating electrolyte. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (6 (91)), 47–52. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.123852>
  23. Maizelis, A., Bairachny, B. (2017). Voltammetric Analysis of Phase Composition of Zn-Ni Alloy Thin Films Electrodeposited from Weak Alkaline Polyligand Electrolyte. *Journal of Nano- and Electronic Physics*, 9 (5), 05010-1–05010-7. doi: [https://doi.org/10.21272/jnep.9\(5\).05010](https://doi.org/10.21272/jnep.9(5).05010)
  24. Pancheva, H., Reznichenko, A., Miroshnichenko, N., Sincheskul, A., Pilipenko, A., Loboichenko, V. (2017). Study into the influence of concentration of ions of chlorine and temperature of circulating water on the corrosion stability of carbon steel and cast iron. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (6 (88)), 59–64. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.108908>
  25. Pilipenko, A., Pancheva, H., Reznichenko, A., Myrgorod, O., Miroshnichenko, N., Sincheskul, A. (2017). The study of inhibiting structural material corrosion in water recycling systems by sodium hydroxide. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2(1(86)), 21–28. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.95989>
  26. Maizelis, A. A., Bairachnyi, B. I., Tul'skii, G. G. (2016). Contact Displacement of Copper at Copper Plating of Carbon Steel Parts. *Surface Engineering and Applied Electrochemistry*, 54 (1), 12–19. doi: <https://doi.org/10.3103/s1068375518010106>
  27. Sincheskul, A., Pancheva, H., Loboichenko, V., Avina, S., Khrystych, O., Pilipenko, A. (2017). Design of the modified oxide-nickel electrode with improved electrical characteristics. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 5 (6 (89)), 23–28. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.112264>
  28. Silchenko, D., Pilipenko, A., Pancheva, H., Khrystych, O., Chyrkina, M., Semenov, E. (2018). Establishing the patterns in anode behavior of copper in phosphoric acid solutions when adding alcohols. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (6 (94)), 35–41. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.140554>
  29. Aladjem, A. (1973). Anodic oxidation of titanium and its alloys. *Journal of Materials Science*, 8 (5), 688–704. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/bf00561225>

**DOI:** [10.15587/1729-4061.2018.145246](https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.145246)

## **STUDYING THE EFFECT OF NANOLIQUIDS ON THE OPERATIONAL PROPERTIES OF BRICK BUILDING STRUCTURES (p. 27-32)**

**Tetiana Kropyvnytska**Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0396-852X>**Roksolana Semeniv**Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6910-6028>**Roman Kotiv**Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9827-9825>**Andriy Kaminskyy**

Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9659-520X>**Vladislav Gots**

Kyiv National University of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Kyiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4384-4011>

The study reported here has established that the ceramic facing brick is characterized by capillary porosity that increases indicators of water absorption and capillary pull, as well as efflorescence formation at its surface. In order to protect the surface of such a brick and to provide it with the improved performance properties, we have used hydrophobizing substances. We have determined experimentally that the application of the PMPHs- and AP-based hydrophobizing agents leads to a decrease in porosity by 1.2–1.3 times, in water absorption – by 1.2–2.3 times, in water absorption at capillary pull – by 1.1–3.2 times. Research into frost resistance has found that for the ceramic brick, covered with PMPHs, it increases by 15 cycles, and when treating a brick surface with AP – by 20 cycles, compared to the untreated brick (F50). By employing an electron microscopy, it was determined that the alternating freeze-thawing leads to that the brick's surface, treated with PMPHs and AP, demonstrates the formation of micro-cracks (in this case, water absorption increased by 42 and 28 %). By applying a method of mathematical planning of the experiment, it was found that the most effective hydrophobizing substance is the modifier that contains the nano-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> powder (a nano-liquid). It was determined that when treating the surface with a nano-liquid (the amount of nano-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> is 0.8 %), its water absorption decreases to 1.2–1.6 %, its water absorption indicator at capillary pull – to 0.08–0.12 kg/m<sup>2</sup>·h<sup>0.5</sup>. Using a method of defectoscopy, applying the Karsten tube, it was found that water absorption for the brick whose surface was coated with a nano-liquid reduced from 0.15 to 0.002 ml/cm<sup>2</sup>, indicating a high level of hydrophobization. The electron microscopy method confirmed that the modification of the ceramic brick surface by the hydrophobizing nano-fluids makes it possible to compact the structure through the colmatation of pores and microcracks, which reduces the capillary pull of the brickwork. That also leads to the improved atmospheric and frost resistance of brick building structures.

Thus, there is a reason to argue about the possibility of improving the physical and technical indicators of the brick building structure by modifying the surface of the ceramic facing brick by a nano-fluid.

**Keywords:** ceramic facing brick, porosity, water absorption, hydrophobizing substance, nano-liquid.

## References

1. van Hees, R. P. J., Brocken, H. J. P. (2004). Damage development to treated brick masonry in a long-term salt crystallisation test. *Construction and Building Materials*, 18 (5), 331–338. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2004.02.006>
2. Krivenko, P., Kovalchuk, O., Pasko, A. (2018). Utilization of Industrial Waste Water Treatment Residues in Alkali Activated Cement and Concretes. *Key Engineering Materials*, 761, 35–38. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/kem.761.35>
3. Krivenko, P. V., Sanytsky, M., Kropyvnytska, T., Kotiv, R. (2014). Decorative Multi-Component Alkali Activated Cements for Restoration and Finishing Works. *Advanced Materials Research*, 897, 45–48. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/amr.897.45>

4. Cultrone, G., Sebastián, E., Elert, K., de la Torre, M. J., Cazalla, O., Rodriguez–Navarro, C. (2004). Influence of mineralogy and firing temperature on the porosity of bricks. *Journal of the European Ceramic Society*, 24 (3), 547–564. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/s0955-2219\(03\)00249-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/s0955-2219(03)00249-8)
5. Pluhin, O., Plugin, A., Plugin, D., Borziak, O., Dudin, O. (2017). The effect of structural characteristics on electrical and physical properties of electrically conductive compositions based on mineral binders. *MATEC Web of Conferences*, 116, 01013. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1051/matecconf/201711601013>
6. Borziak, O., Vandalovskiy, S., Chajka, V., Perestiuk, V., Romanenko, O. (2017). Effect of microfillers on the concrete structure formation. *MATEC Web of Conferences*, 116, 01001. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1051/matecconf/201711601001>
7. Sanytsky, M., Kropyvnytska, T., Kotiv, R. (2014). Modified Plasters for Restoration and Finishing Works. *Advanced Materials Research*, 923, 42–47. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/amr.923.42>
8. Varshavets, P., Svidersky, V., Chernyak, L. (2014). Peculiarities of the structure and hydrophysical properties of face brick. *European Appl. Sciences*, 1, 106–110.
9. Nilpairach, S., Dubas, S. T. (2008). Surface Modification of Bricks by Chitosan Coatings. *Journal of Metals, Materials and Minerals*, 18 (1), 33–37.
10. Pagliolico, S. L., Ozzello, E. D., Sassi, G., Bongiovanni, R. (2016). Characterization of a hybrid nano-silica waterborne polyurethane coating for clay bricks. *Journal of Coatings Technology and Research*, 13 (2), 267–276. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11998-015-9758-0>
11. Sharobim, K. G., Mohammedi, H. A. (2013). The effect of Nano-liquid on the properties of hardened concrete. *HBRC Journal*, 9 (3), 210–215. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.hbrcj.2013.08.002>
12. Benavente, D., Linares-Fernández, L., Cultrone, G., Sebastián, E. (2006). Influence of Microstructure on The Resistance to Salt Crystallisation Damage in Brick. *Materials and Structures*, 39 (1), 105–113. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1617/s11527-005-9037-0>
13. Kropyvnytska, T., Semeniv, R., Ivashchyshyn, H. (2017). Increase of brick masonry durability for external walls of buildings and structures. *MATEC Web of Conferences*, 116, 01007. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1051/matecconf/201711601007>
14. Hyvliud, M. M., Semeniv, R. M., Kotsiy, Ya. Y. (2016). Optymizatsiya skladu zakhysnoho pokryttia ta yoho vplyv na vodo- i morozostiistkist keramichnoi tsehly. *Visnyk NTU «KhPI»*, 22 (1194), 44–48.
15. Kropyvnytska, T. P., Sanytsky, M. A., Semeniv, R. M., Kaminskyy, A. T. (2018). Increase of brick masonry operational properties of external walls. *Scientific Bulletin of Civil Engineering*, 91 (1), 146–151. doi: <https://doi.org/10.29295/2311-7257-2018-91-1-146-151>
16. Andrés, A., Díaz, M. C., Coz, A., Abellán, M. J., Viguri, J. R. (2009). Physico-chemical characterisation of bricks all through the manufacture process in relation to efflorescence salts. *Journal of the European Ceramic Society*, 29 (10), 1869–1877. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jeurceramsoc.2008.11.015>
17. Novák, V., Zach, J. (2018). Study of Hydrophobic Modification of Ceramic Elements. *Key Engineering Materials*, 776, 121–126. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/kem.776.121>
18. Pushkareva, E. K., Suhanevich, M. V., Bondar', E. V. (2014). Penetrating waterproofing coatings based on slag -containing cements, modified by natural zeolites. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 3 (6 (69)), 57–62. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2014.24879>
19. Šadauskienė, J., Ramanauskas, J., Stankevičius, V. (2003). Effect of Hydrophobic Materials on Water Impermeability and Drying of Finnish Brick Masonry. *Materials science*, 9 (1), 94–98.
20. Ohorodnik, I. V., Zakharchenko, P. V., Varshavets, P. H., Prysiashna, D. Yu., Oksamyt, T. V. (2018). Pidvyshchennia spozhyvnykh vlastivostei stinovykh materialiv za rakhunok modyifikatsiy i yikh poverkhni z metiou rozhyrennia zbutu. *Budivelni materialy ta vroby*, 3-4, 72–80.
21. Ginchitskaia, I., Yakovlev, G., Kizinievich, O., Polyanskikh, I., Pervushin, G., Taybakhtina, P., Balabanova, I. (2017). Damage to Polymer Coating on Facing Brick Surface in Operated Buildings. *Procedia Engineering*, 195, 189–196. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.proeng.2017.04.543>
22. Fic, S., Szewczak, A., Barnat-Hunek, D., Łagód, G. (2017). Processes of Fatigue Destruction in Nanopolymer-Hydrophobised Ceramic Bricks. *Materials*, 10 (1), 44. doi: <https://doi.org/10.3390/ma10010044>
23. DSTU B V.2.7-126:2011. Budivelni materialy. Sumishi budivelni sukihi modyifikovani. Zahalni tekhnichni umovy (2011). Kyiv, 39.
24. DSTU B V.2.7-171:2008 (EN 934-2:2008, NEQ). Budivelni materialy. Dobavky dla betoniv i budivelnykh rozhchyniv. Zahalni tekhnichni umovy (2010). Kyiv, 93.
25. DSTU B V.2.7-42-97. Budivelni materialy. Metody vyznachennia vodopohlynnennia, hustyny i morozostiikosti budivelnykh materialiv i vyrobiv (1997). Kyiv, 22.

**DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.145232**

**CONSTRUCTION OF A MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF EXTRACTION PROCESS IN THE SYSTEM “SOLID BODY – LIQUID” IN A MICROWAVE FIELD (p. 33-43)**

**Boris Kotov**

State Agrarian and Engineering University in Podillya,  
Kamianets-Podilskyi, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8124-6082>

**Valentina Bandura**

Vinnitsa National Agrarian University, Vinnitsa, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8074-3020>

We have analyzed the extraction process in the technology of oil-seed processing. This paper describes the original provisions, specificity, modern scientific schools, and the level of representation of the classic extraction process. The specificity of mathematical modeling of the extraction process, given the introduction of an additional driving force that significantly affects the kinetics of extraction in an electromagnetic field of ultra-high frequency, is considered from the classical theory of the process.

We have constructed the extraction kinetics calculation formulae, in microwave field, which develop the theory of extraction kinetics in an electromagnetic field. The paper gives an analysis of variants for the representation of a mathematical notation of the extraction process of disperse materials in an electromagnetic field of ultra-high frequency. A complete model of the mass exchange processes during extraction in a microwave field in the differential form will make it possible to generate conditions for conducting comprehensive experimental studies, which would fully define the extraction process of oilseeds.

We have theoretically substantiated the process of heat and mass exchange between the all defining objects inside an extraction

unit with an electromagnetic field of ultra-high frequency. Based on material balances, we derived equations describing the basic dynamic characteristics of oil extraction mode in an extraction unit. Since the precise analytical solution to the presented mathematical model in the form of a system of differential equations in particular derivatives does not exist, the approximate solution has been proposed. It makes it possible to identify the distribution of an extractant depending on the size of fractions of raw materials, the existence and magnitude of power of the pulsed electromagnetic field of ultra-high frequency, the extractant's hydro-module, temperature, solvents, for any point in time.

Based on the experimental research into extraction of oilseed material, it was established that under the action of microwave radiation a value for the mass release coefficient during extraction of oilseed raw materials grows by an order of magnitude ( $\beta=1\cdot10^{-5}$ ) compared to extraction without the effect of MW field ( $\beta=1\cdot10^{-6}$ ). Oil extraction under the action of a microwave field increases to 30 %, while electricity consumption decreases by 93–97 %. The application of a microwave field would not only improve production efficiency, but reduce energy costs during process by an order of magnitude.

**Keywords:** extraction, microwave field, heat and mass exchange, material balance, differential equations.

## References

1. Romankov, P. G., Frolov, V. F. (1990). *Teploobmennye processy himicheskoy tekhnologii*. Leningrad: Himiya, 384.
2. Aksel'rud, G. A., Lysyanskiy, V. M. (1974). *Ekstragirovanie (sistema tverdogo telo – zhidkost')*. Leningrad: Himiya, 256.
3. Beloborodov, V. V. (1999). *Ekstragirovanie iz tverdyh materialov v elektromagnitnom pole sverhvysokih chastot*. Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, 72 (1), 141–146.
4. Burdo, O. G. (2013). *Pishchevye nanoenergetekhnologii*. Herson: Izd. Grin' D.S., 304.
5. Burdo, O. G. (2007). *Ekstragirovanie v sisteme «kofe – voda»*. Odessa: «TES», 176.
6. Toda, T. A., Sawada, M. M., Rodrigues, C. E. C. (2016). Kinetics of soybean oil extraction using ethanol as solvent: Experimental data and modeling. *Food and Bioproducts Processing*, 98, 1–10. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fbp.2015.12.003>
7. So, G. C., Macdonald, D. G. (1986). Kinetics of oil extraction from canola (rapeseed). *The Canadian Journal of Chemical Engineering*, 64 (1), 80–86. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/cjce.5450640112>
8. Perez, E. E., Carelli, A. A., Crapiste, G. H. (2011). Temperature-dependent diffusion coefficient of oil from different sunflower seeds during extraction with hexane. *Journal of Food Engineering*, 105 (1), 180–185. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfoodeng.2011.02.025>
9. Rakotondramasy-Rabesiaka, L., Havet, J.-L., Porte, C., Fauduet, H. (2010). Estimation of effective diffusion and transfer rate during the protopine extraction process from *Fumaria officinalis* L. *Separation and Purification Technology*, 76 (2), 126–131. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.seppur.2010.09.030>
10. Seikova, I., Simeonov, E., Ivanova, E. (2004). Protein leaching from tomato seed—experimental kinetics and prediction of effective diffusivity. *Journal of Food Engineering*, 61 (2), 165–171. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/s0260-8774\(03\)00083-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/s0260-8774(03)00083-9)
11. Chan, C.-H., Yusoff, R., Ngoh, G.-C. (2014). Modeling and kinetics study of conventional and assisted batch solvent extraction. *Chemical Engineering Research and Design*, 92 (6), 1169–1186. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cherd.2013.10.001>
12. Rogov, I. A., Nekrutman, C. B. (1986). *Sverhchastotnyy nagrev pishchevyh produktov*. Moscow: Agropromizdat, 350.
13. Burdo, O., Bandura, V., Kolianovska, L., Dukulis, I. (2017). Experimental research of oil extraction from canola by using microwave technology. *Engineering for rural development*, 296–302. doi: <https://doi.org/10.22616/erdev2017.16.n056>
14. Burdo, O., Bandura, V., Zykov, A., Zozulyak, I., Levtrinskaya, J., Marenchenko, E. (2017). Development of wave technologies to intensify heat and mass transfer processes. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (11 (88)), 34–42. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.108843>
15. Burdo, O. G. (2005). *Nanomasshtabnye effekty v pishchevyh tekhnologiyah*. Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, 78 (1), 88–93.
16. Bandura, V. M., Kolyanovs'ka, L. M. (2013). Obrobka eksperimental'nih danikh procesu ekstraguvannya rosliinnih oliy mikrohvil'ovim polem. *Zbirnyk naukovykh prats Odeskoї natsionalnoi akademiiyi kharchovykh tekhnolohiy*, 43 (2), 66–69.
17. Lykov, A. V. (1967). *Teoriya teploprovodnosti*. Moscow: Vysshaya shkola, 590.
18. Lykov, A. V. (1971). *Teplomassoobmen: spravochnik*. Moscow: Energiya, 560.
19. Romanovskiy, S. G. (1969). *Processy termicheskoy obrabotki i suški v elektromagnitnyh ustanovkah*. Minsk: Nauka i tekhnika, 348.
20. Rogov, I. A., Nekrutman, C. B., Lysov, G. V. (1981). *Tekhnika sverhvysokochastotnogo nagreva pishchevyh produktov*. Moscow: Leg. i pishch. prom-t', 199.

**DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.143207**

## OXIDATION OF 4BROMETYLBENZENE BY OZONE IN ACETIC ACID (p. 44-50)

**Andrew Galstyan**

Institute of Chemical Technologies of the East Ukrainian National University named after V. Dal (Rubizhne), Rubizhne, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8475-8166>

**Ekaterina Skorochod**

Institute of Chemical Technologies of the East Ukrainian National University named after V. Dal (Rubizhne), Rubizhne, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1849-9140>

**Geny Galstyan**

Institute of Chemical Technologies of the East Ukrainian National University named after V. Dal (Rubizhne), Rubizhne, Ukraine

The kinetics and the mechanism of ozonation of 4-bromethylbenzene in acetic acid was studied. The constants of the rate of reaction of ozone with 4-bromethylbenzene and 4-bromacetophenone at different temperatures were determined. We showed the possibility of conducting the process not only by the aromatic ring of the substrate in accordance with the Krige mechanism, but also with the formation of 4-bromacetophenone, which will be used when creating new methods of synthesis of oxygen-containing derivatives of ethylbenzene.

It was established that oxidation of 4-bromethylbenzene by ozone in acetic acid flows mainly by the aromatic ring with the formation of ozonides – peroxide products of aliphatic nature. Up to 35 % of 4-bromacetophenone and trace amounts of 1-(4-bromophenyl)ethanol were identified among the products of oxidation reaction by the side chain. The reaction of ozone with 4-bromethylbenzene in acetic acid at temperatures of up to 30 °C has the first

order by initial components and the value of constant of reaction rate does not depend on the concentration of reactants. With increasing temperature, constant of reaction rate begins to depend on the concentration of reagents, and in this case, ozone consumption increases significantly. This indicates that under experimental conditions, ozone is consumed simultaneously at different stages of oxidation. It was proved that ozonation of 4-bromethylbenzene is a complicated process, in which the substrate is oxidized by the non-chain mechanism. Ozone is consumed in two directions: in the reaction with the substrate by non-chain mechanism and by the chain mechanism at the stage of chain continuation in the reaction with the products of thermal decomposition of ozonides. This fact gives grounds to argue that at an increase in temperature, unproductive consumption of ozone will grow rapidly and, vice versa, under conditions of prevention of ozonolysis, ozone will participate in the reaction with formation of the target aromatic product.

Thus, the experimentally obtained data are the basis for the development of the process of oxidation of derivatives of ethylbenzene and creation of the foundations of technology of 4-bromacetophenone synthesis with the help of ozone. This will considerably simplify the apparatus design of the process, enhance the output of the target product and will contribute to subsequent improvement of the method of oxidative processing of reagents.

**Keywords:** ozone-oxygen mixture, 4-bromethylbenzene, ozonolysis, 4-bromacetophenone, acetic acid, rate constant.

## References

1. Aleksandrov, V. N., Pugacheva, S. A., Golubev, G. S. (1980). Issledovanie reakcii okisleniya 4-nitrotoluola v uksusnoy kislote. Kinetika i kataliz, 21, 645.
2. Emanuel', N. M. (1978). Problemy selektivnogo zhidkofaznogo okisleniya. Neftekhimiya, 18, 485.
3. Okada, T., Kamiya, Y. (1981). The Liquid-phase Oxidation of Methylenes by the Cobalt-Copper-Bromide System. Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan, 54 (9), 2724–2727. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1246/bcsj.54.2724>
4. Di Nunno, L., Florio, S., Todesco, P. E. (1970). Oxidation of substituted anilines to nitroso-compounds. Journal of the Chemical Society C: Organic, 10, 1433. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1039/j39700001433>
5. Yakobi, V. A. (1974). Gazofaznoe okislenie toluola ozonom. Neftekhimiya, 14, 399.
6. Yakobi, V. A. (1976). Issledovanie processa hlorirovaniya  $\alpha$ -sul'fokislotoy antrahinona v prisutstvii ozona. Zhurn. prikl. himii, 49, 1330.
7. A.S. No. 453404 SSSR (1973). Sposob polucheniya pirazol-3-karbonovoy kislotoy. MKI S 07 s 46/12. declared: 06.02.1973; published: 15.12.1974, Bul. No. 46.
8. A.S. No. 480698 SSSR (1974). Sposob polucheniya 4-etylnaftalevogo angidrida. MKI S 07 s. declared: 25.02.1974; published: 25.06.1975, Bul. No. 46.
9. A.S. No. 330753 SSSR (1970). Sposob polucheniya tetraserokislogo efira leykosodeneniya 7,16-dihlorindantrona. MKI S 09v 57/00. declared: 16.03.1970; published: 23.02.1977, Bul. No. 45
10. Diguurov, N. G., Buharkina, T. V., Batygina, N. A. (1980). Matematicheskaya model' processa zhidkofaznogo okisleniya toluola i etilbenzola s kobalt'bromidnym katalizatorom. Kinetika i kataliz, 21 (3), 661–664.
11. Bachernikova, I. V., Gorohovatskiy, Ya. B., Evmenenko, N. P. (1972). Zhidkofaznoe okislenie etilbenzola na okislah medi i nikelya. Neftekhimiya, 4, 563.
12. Daniel, C. A., Sugunan, S. (2013). Ceria Zirconia Mixed Oxides Prepared by Hydrothermal Templating Method for the Oxidation of Ethyl Benzene. Bulletin of Chemical Reaction Engineering & Catalysis, 8 (2). doi: <https://doi.org/10.9767/bcrec.8.2.5053.97-104>
13. Habibi, D., Faraji, A. R., Arshadi, M., Fierro, J. L. G. (2013). Characterization and catalytic activity of a novel Fe nano-catalyst as efficient heterogeneous catalyst for selective oxidation of ethylbenzene, cyclohexene, and benzylalcohol. Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical, 372, 90–99. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molcata.2013.02.014>
14. Mal, N. K., Ramaswamy, A. V. (1996). Oxidation of ethylbenzene over Ti-, V- and Sn-containing silicalites with MFI structure. Applied Catalysis A: General, 143 (1), 75–85. doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/0926-860x\(96\)00071-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/0926-860x(96)00071-3)
15. Matienko, L. I., Mosolova, L. A. (2008). Effect of small concentrations of water on ethylbenzene oxidation with molecular oxygen catalyzed by iron(II, III) acetylacetone complexes with 18-crown-6. Petroleum Chemistry, 48 (5), 371–380. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1134/s0965544108050071>
16. Gavrichkov, A. A., Zakharov, I. V. (2005). Critical phenomena in ethylbenzene oxidation in acetic acid solution at high cobalt(II) concentrations. Russian Chemical Bulletin, 54 (8), 1878–1882. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11172-006-0052-2>
17. Halstian, A. H., Kolbasiuk, O. O., Halstian, H. A., Bushuiev, A. S. (2013). The oxidation of ethylbenzene by ozone in acetic acid. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 6 (6 (66)), 8–11. Available at: <http://journals.uran.ua/eejet/article/view/18895/17125>
18. Solomatin, D. A., Halstian, A. H., Bushuiev, A. S., Kostenko, A. Yu. (2016). Ozonoliz 4-nitroetylbenzenu v otstoviy kysloti. Visnyk SNU im. V. Dalia, 5 (229), 19–22.
19. Razumovskyi, S. D., Halstian, H. A., Tiupalo, M. F. (2000). Ozon ta yoho reaktsiyi z alifatichnymy spolukamy. Luhansk: SUDU, 318.
20. Emanuelya, N. M. (1969). Uspekhi himii organicheskikh perekisnyh soedineniy i autookisleniya. Moscow: Himiya, 495.
21. Bailey, P. S. (1982). Ozonation in Organic Chemistry V2. Academic Press, 516.
22. Emanuel', N. M., Denisov, E. T., Mayzus, Z. K. (1965). Cepnye reakcii okisleniya uglevodorodov v zhidkoy faze. Moscow: Nauka, 375.
23. Pryor, W. A., Gleicher, G. J., Church, D. F. (1983). Reaction of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons with ozone. Linear free-energy relationships and tests of likely rate-determining steps using simple molecular orbital correlations. The Journal of Organic Chemistry, 48 (23), 4198–4202. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/jo00171a008>
24. Avzyanova, E. V., Kabal'nova, N. N., Shereshovec, V. V. (1996). Kineticheskie zakonomernosti prevrashcheniya kompleksov ozona s arenami. Izv. RAN. Ser.: Him., 2, 371.
25. Komissarov, V. D. (1979). Cepnoe razlozhenie ozona v sisteme CH<sub>3</sub>CHO-O<sub>3</sub>-O<sub>2</sub>. Izv. RAN. Ser.: Him., 6, 1205.
26. Denisov, E. T., Mickevich, N. I., Agabekov, V. E. (1975). Mekhanizm zhidkofaznogo okisleniya kislorodsoderzhashchih soedineniy. Minsk: Nauka i tekhnika, 334.
27. Bushuyev, A., Keremet, M., Galstyan, A., Galstyan, T. (2015). Kinetics and Products of 4-Aminotoluene Oxidation by Ozone in the Liquid Phase. Chemistry & Chemical Technology, 9 (1), 43–49. doi: <https://doi.org/10.23939/chcht09.01.043>

**DOI:** 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.144602

**“GREEN” SYNTHESIS OF NANOPARTICLES OF PRECIOUS METALS: ANTIMICROBIAL AND CATALYTIC PROPERTIES (p. 51-58)**

**Margarita Skiba**

Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology,  
Dnipro, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4634-280X>

**Viktoria Vorobyova**

National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7479-9140>

**Alexander Pivovarov**

Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology,  
Dnipro, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0520-171X>

**Anastasiia Shakun**

National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6933-4573>

**Elena Gnatko**

Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology,  
Dnipro, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8507-7127>

**Inna Trus**

National Technical University of Ukraine  
«Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Kyiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-6368-6933>

The paper presents the use of agricultural products, namely grape skins, in the “green” synthesis of monometallic (Au, Ag) and bimetallic (Au–Ag) nanoparticles (NPs) from aqueous solutions of metal ions of the corresponding precursors. At present, there exist urgent problems of utilization of waste from the agro-industrial complex, rational use of nature and transition to the use of environment-friendly and energy-efficient technologies. Therefore, there is a tendency to use “green” technologies in obtaining nanomaterials that are considered environment-friendly and resource-saving.

The study has proved the efficiency of using food waste (grape skins) as a reducing and stabilizing agent in forming nanoparticles of precious metals of mono- and bimetallic structures. Biological raw materials were extracted in an aqueous medium under a short-term effect of low-temperature plasma discharges. On the basis of the complex analysis of the extract composition, it was proved that the hydroxyl, carbonyl and carboxyl functional groups of the organic compounds of the grape skin extract are responsible for the recovery of the metal ions and stabilization of the resulting NPs.

The research has proved that mono- and bimetallic NPs are formed with the following peaks: for Ag<sup>0</sup> ( $\lambda_{\max}=440$  nm), Au<sup>0</sup> ( $\lambda_{\max}=540$  nm), and Ag–Au ( $\lambda_{\max}=510$  nm). The size and stability of the nanoparticles obtained by the “green” synthesis were assessed in comparison with the same parameters for the plasmochemical method of nanoparticles’ formation. The study has revealed anti-bacterial, catalytic and anti-corrosion properties of the synthesized nanoparticles. The resulting monometallic (Au, Ag) and bimetallic (Au–Ag) nanoparticles show excellent catalytic activity while recovering p-nitrophenol (4-NPh) to p-aminophenol (4-APh) in the presence of NaBH<sub>4</sub>. The synthesized NPs demonstrate their

antibacterial activity against gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. The findings allow to expand the practical application of metal nanoparticles in various industries and enhance the processing and reuse of non-liquid waste.

**Keywords:** aqueous extract, componential composition, grapes, recovery, nitrophenol, antibacterial properties, antioxidant activity.

**References**

- Sharma, G., Kumar, D., Kumar, A., Al-Muhtaseb, A. H., Pathania, D., Naushad, M., Mola, G. T. (2017). Revolution from monometallic to trimetallic nanoparticle composites, various synthesis methods and their applications: A review. Materials Science and Engineering: C, 71, 1216–1230. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msec.2016.11.002>
- Han, P., Martens, W., Waclawik, E. R., Sarina, S., Zhu, H. (2018). Metal Nanoparticle Photocatalysts: Synthesis, Characterization, and Application. Particle & Particle Systems Characterization, 35 (6), 1700489. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/ppsc.201700489>
- Liu, X., Astruc, D. (2017). From Galvanic to Anti-Galvanic Synthesis of Bimetallic Nanoparticles and Applications in Catalysis, Sensing, and Materials Science. Advanced Materials, 29 (16), 1605305. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/adma.201605305>
- Solomon, M. M., Gerengi, H., Umuren, S. A. (2017). Carboxymethyl Cellulose/Silver Nanoparticles Composite: Synthesis, Characterization and Application as a Benign Corrosion Inhibitor for St37 Steel in 15% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> Medium. ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces, 9 (7), 6376–7389. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsmami.6b14153>
- Nelson, D., Seabra, A. B. (2018). Biogenic Synthesized Ag/Au Nanoparticles: Production, Characterization, and Applications. Current Nanoscience, 14 (2), 82–94. doi: <https://doi.org/10.2174/157341371466171207160637>
- Peralta-Videa, J. R., Huang, Y., Parsons, J. G., Zhao, L., Lopez-Moreno, L., Hernandez-Viecas, J. A., Gardea-Torresdey, J. L. (2016). Plant-based green synthesis of metallic nanoparticles: scientific curiosity or a realistic alternative to chemical synthesis? Nanotechnology for Environmental Engineering, 1 (4). doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s41204-016-0004-5>
- Saratale, R. G., Saratale, G. D., Shin, H. S., Jacob, J. M., Pugazhendhi, A., Bhaisare, M., Kumar, G. (2017). New insights on the green synthesis of metallic nanoparticles using plant and waste biomaterials: current knowledge, their agricultural and environmental applications. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 25 (11), 10164–10183. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-017-9912-6>
- Devi, T. B., Ahmaruzzaman, M. (2017). Bio-inspired facile and green fabrication of Au@Ag@AgCl core–double shells nanoparticles and their potential applications for elimination of toxic emerging pollutants: A green and efficient approach for wastewater treatment. Chemical Engineering Journal, 317, 726–741. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2017.02.082>
- Sun, L., Yin, Y., Ly, P., Su, W., Zhang, L. (2018). Green controllable synthesis of Au–Ag alloy nanoparticles using Chinese wolfberry fruit extract and their tunable photocatalytic activity. RSC Advances, 8 (8), 3964–3973. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1039/c7ra13650a>
- Ingale, A. G., Chaudhari, A. N. (2013). Biogenic Synthesis of Nanoparticles and Potential Applications: An Eco-Friendly Approach. Journal of Nanomedicine & Nanotechnology, 04 (02). doi: <https://doi.org/10.4172/2157-7439.1000165>
- Chhyrynets, O. E., Fateev, Y. F., Vorobiova, V. I., Skyba, M. I. (2016). Study of the Mechanism of Action of the Isopropanol Ex-

- tract of Rapeseed Oil Cake on the Atmospheric Corrosion of Copper. Materials Science, 51 (5), 644–651. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11003-016-9886-4>
12. Vorobyova, V., Chygrynets', O., Skiba, M., Zhuk, T., Kurmakova, I., Bondar, O. (2018). A comprehensive study of grape pomace extract and its active components as effective vapour phase corrosion inhibitor of mild steel. International Journal of Corrosion and Scale Inhibition, 7 (2), 185–202. doi: <https://doi.org/10.17675/2305-6894-2018-7-2-6>
  13. Vorobyova, V., Chygrynets', O., Skiba, M. (2018). 4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde as a volatile inhibitor on the atmospheric corrosion of carbon steel. Journal of Chemical Technology and Metallurgy, 53 (2), 336–345.
  14. Vorobyova, V., Chygrynets', O., Skiba, M., Kurmakova, I., Bondar, O. (2017). Self-assembled monoterpenoid phenol as vapor phase atmospheric corrosion inhibitor of carbon steel. International Journal of Corrosion and Scale Inhibition, 6 (4), 485–503. doi: <https://doi.org/10.17675/2305-6894-2017-6-4-8>
  15. Ulug, B., Haluk Turkdemir, M., Cicek, A., Mete, A. (2015). Role of irradiation in the green synthesis of silver nanoparticles mediated by fig (*Ficus carica*) leaf extract. Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy, 135, 153–161. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2014.06.142>
  16. Abdelghany, A. M., Abdelrazek, E. M., Badr, S. I., Abdel-Aziz, M. S., Morsi, M. A. (2017). Effect of Gamma-irradiation on biosynthesized gold nanoparticles using *Chenopodium murale* leaf extract. Journal of Saudi Chemical Society, 21 (5), 528–537. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jscs.2015.10.002>
  17. Irimia, A., Ioanid, G. E., Zaharescu, T., Coroabă, A., Doroftei, F., Safarany, A., Vasile, C. (2017). Comparative study on gamma irradiation and cold plasma pretreatment for a cellulosic substrate modification with phenolic compounds. Radiation Physics and Chemistry, 130, 52–61. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.radphyschem.2016.07.028>
  18. Pivovarov, A. A., Kravchenko, A. V., Tishchenko, A. P., Nikolenko, N. V., Sergeeva, O. V., Vorob'eva, M. I., Treshchuk, S. V. (2015). Contact nonequilibrium plasma as a tool for treatment of water and aqueous solutions: Theory and practice. Russian Journal of General Chemistry, 85 (5), 1339–1350. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1134/s1070363215050497>
  19. Skiba, M., Pivovarov, A., Makarova, A., Pasenko, O., Khlopotskyi, A., Vorobyova, V. (2017). Plasma-chemical formation of silver nanodispersion in water solutions. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 6 (6 (90)), 59–65. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2017.118914>
  20. Pivovarov, O. A., Skiba, M. I., Makarova, A. K., Vorobyova, V. I., Pasenko, O. O. (2017). Plasma-chemical obtaining of silver nanoparticles in the presence of sodium alginate. Voprosy khimii i khimicheskoi tekhnologii, 6 (115), 82–88.
  21. Taylor, P. L., Ussher, A. L., Burrell, R. E. (2005). Impact of heat on nanocrystalline silver dressings. Biomaterials, 26 (35), 7221–7229. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biomaterials.2005.05.040>
  22. Sadeghi, B., Jamali, M., Kia, Sh., Amini nia, A., Ghafar, S. (2010). Synthesis and characterization of silver nanoparticles for antibacterial activity. International Journal of Nano Dimension, 1 (2), 119–124. doi: <https://doi.org/10.7508/IJND.2010.02.004>
  23. Farhadi S. Ajerloo, B., Mohammadi, A. (2017). Low-cost and eco-friendly phyto-synthesis of Silver nanoparticles by using grapes fruit extract and study of antibacterial and catalytic effects. Inter-
  - national Journal of Nano Dimension, 8 (1), 49–60. doi: <https://doi.org/10.22034/IJND.2017.24376>
  24. Krishnaswamy, K., Vali, H., Orsat, V. (2014). Value-adding to grape waste: Green synthesis of gold nanoparticles. Journal of Food Engineering, 142, 210–220. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfoodeng.2014.06.014>
  25. Yallappa, S., Manjanna, J., Dhananjaya, B. L. (2015). Phytosynthesis of stable Au, Ag and Au–Ag alloy nanoparticles using *J. Sambac* leaves extract, and their enhanced antimicrobial activity in presence of organic antimicrobials. Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy, 137, 236–243. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2014.08.030>
  26. Kuppusamy, P., Ilavenil, S., Srigopalram, S., Kim, D. H., Govindan, N., Maniam, G. P. et. al. (2017). Synthesis of Bimetallic Nanoparticles (Au–Ag Alloy) Using *Commelina nudiflora* L. Plant Extract and Study its on Oral Pathogenic Bacteria. Journal of Inorganic and Organometallic Polymers and Materials, 27 (2), 562–568. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10904-017-0498-8>
  27. Khatami, M., Alijani, H., Nejad, M., Varma, R. (2018). Core@shell Nanoparticles: Greener Synthesis Using Natural Plant Products. Applied Sciences, 8 (3), 411. doi: <https://doi.org/10.3390/app8030411>
  28. Pivovarov, A. A., Skiba, M. I., Makarova, A. K., Vorobyova, V. I. (2017). Obtaining of bimetallic nanoparticles by using plasma discharge. Vibratsiyi v tekhnitsi ta tekhnolohiyakh, 3 (86), 97–101.
  29. Skiba, M., Pivovarov, A., Makarova, A., Vorobyova, V. (2018). Plasma-chemical Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles in the Presence of Citrate. Chemistry Journal of Moldova, 13 (1), 7–14. doi: <https://doi.org/10.19261/cjm.2018.475>
  30. Skiba, M. I., Pivovarov, O. A., Makarova, A. K. Parkhomenko, V. D. (2018). One-pot synthesis of silver nanoparticles using discharged plasma in the presence of polyvinyl alcohol. Voprosy khimii i khimicheskoi tekhnologii, 3, 113–120.
  31. Skiba, M., Pivovarov, A., Makarova, A., Vorobyova, V. (2018). Plasmochemical preparation of silver nanoparticles: thermodynamics and kinetics analysis of the process. Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies, 2 (6 (92)), 4–9. doi: <https://doi.org/10.15587/1729-4061.2018.127103>
  32. Ijaz Hussain, J., Kumar, S., Adil Hashmi, A., Khan, Z. (2011). Silver Nanoparticles: Preparation, Characterization, And Kinetics. Advanced Materials Letters, 2 (3), 188–194. doi: <https://doi.org/10.5185/amlett.2011.1206>
  33. Marambio-Jones, C., Hoek, E. M. V. (2010). A review of the antibacterial effects of silver nanomaterials and potential implications for human health and the environment. Journal of Nanoparticle Research, 12 (5), 1531–1551. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11051-010-9900-y>
  34. Francis, S., Joseph, S., Koshy, E. P., Mathew, B. (2017). Microwave assisted green synthesis of silver nanoparticles using leaf extract of *elephantopus scaber* and its environmental and biological applications. Artificial Cells, Nanomedicine, and Biotechnology, 46 (4), 795–804. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1080/21691401.2017.1345921>
  35. Wunder, S., Polzer, F., Lu, Y., Mei, Y., Ballauff, M. (2010). Kinetic Analysis of Catalytic Reduction of 4-Nitrophenol by Metallic Nanoparticles Immobilized in Spherical Polyelectrolyte Brushes. The Journal of Physical Chemistry C, 114 (19), 8814–8820. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/jp101125j>
  36. Jiménez, M., Juárez, N., Jiménez-Fernández, V. M., Monribot-Villanueva, J. L., Guerrero-Analco, J. A. (2018). Phenolic Compounds And

- Antioxidant Activity Of Wild Grape (*Vitis Tiliifolia*). Italian Journal of Food Science, 30 (1), 128–143. doi: <https://doi.org/10.14674/IJFS-975>
37. Abou El-Nour, K. M. M., Eftaiba, A., Al-Warthan, A., Ammar, R. A. A. (2010). Synthesis and applications of silver nanoparticles. Arabian Journal of Chemistry, 3 (3), 135–140. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.arabjc.2010.04.008>

**DOI:** 10.15587/1729-4061.2018.145198

**STUDYING THE PHOTOCATALYTIC OXIDATION OF HYDROXYBENZENE IN AQUATIC MEDIUM ON THE PHOTOCATALIZERS  $\text{SnO}_2$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$ ,  $\text{TiO}_2$  (p. 59-67)**

**Dmytro Deineka**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5233-6898>

**Oleksandr Kobziev**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-2048-5685>

**Svitlana Avina**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5037-8576>

**Svitlana Grin**

National Technical University

«Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1764-4315>

**Viktoriya Deyneka**

National University of Civil Defence of Ukraine, Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5781-7092>

**Dmytro Taraduda**

National University of Civil Defence of Ukraine, Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9167-0058>

**Vitaliy Sobina**

National University of Civil Defence of Ukraine, Kharkiv, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-6908-8037>

This paper reports results of research into photocatalytic activity of oxides  $\text{SnO}_2$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$ ,  $\text{TiO}_2$  in the process of hydroxybenzene degradation in an aqueous medium with the separately considered properties of the allotrope modifications of titanium oxide (IV): anatase and rutile. The relationship has been substantiated between a decrease in the value for the width of the restricted area and an increase in the photocatalytic activity of the examined oxides. The effect has been established of the organization of agitation on an increase in the degree of hydroxybenzene degradation in an aqueous medium, which is 10–15 % on average. We have studied the influence of ratio of anatase to rutile in a photocatalyst on the hydroxybenzene degradation efficiency. It has been shown that the results obtained in the course of the study are consistent with data from the scientific literature, while opening up additional possibilities to increase the degree of hydroxybenzene oxidation in a joint application of anatase and rutile. It was established that the greatest degree of oxidation with and without agitation at an irradiation time of 60 minutes can be achieved at the content ratio of anatase to rutile of 75/25 % and is 23 % and 37 %, respectively. The use of such a composition makes it possible to increase the degree of hydroxybenzene oxidation in

an aqueous medium by 11–18 %, which is 1.5–1.9 times larger in comparison with pure rutile and anatase. The results obtained led to the conclusion on that in order to reduce the time required to achieve the maximal indicators for the process of hydroxybenzene degradation, it is necessary to increase the ratio of the irradiated surface to the height of the device and to increase the Re number of the agitation process. Based on the obtained experimental data, we have established the optimum composition of a photocatalyst, which makes it possible to reach the maximal degree of hydroxybenzene recovery from solution.

**Keywords:** wastewater treatment, hydroxybenzene, photocatalytic activity, titanium dioxide, anatase, rutile.

**References**

1. Guhman, G. A. (2018). Kachestvo okruzhayushchey sredy pri sovremennyh urovnyah nagruzki na nee. Energiya: ekonomika, tekhnika, ekologiya, 6, 44–50.
2. Osypenko, V. P., Vasylchuk, T. O. (2010). Mihratsya i rozprodil orhanichnykh rechovyn mizh abiotsichnymy komponentamy poverkhneyvykh vodoim za aerobnykh i anaerobnykh umov seredovyshcha. Naukovi pratsi Ukrainskoho naukovo-doslidnogo hidrometeorolohichnoho instytutu, 259, 188–198.
3. Ermakov, V. V. (2015). Geohimicheskaya ekologiya i biogeohimicheskie kriterii ocenki ekologicheskogo sostoyaniya taksonov biosfery. Geohimiya, 3, 203–221.
4. Kirieieva, I. Yu. (2015). The monitoring features of aquatic biodiversity. Science Almanac, 5, 158–165. doi: <https://doi.org/10.17117/na.2015.05.158>
5. Alekseenko, K. V., Batalova, V. N. (2015). The study of phenol electrooxidation in alkaline solution on glassy carbon electrode. Vestnik Tomskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta, 400, 309–314. doi: <https://doi.org/10.17223/15617793/400/50>
6. Mokbel', S. M., Kolosov, E. N., Mihalenko, I. I. (2016). Okislenie fenola i hlorfenolov na platinirovannyh titanovyh anodah v kisloy srede. Zhurnal fizicheskoy himii, 90 (16), 960–963. doi: <https://doi.org/10.7868/s0044453716060212>
7. Harlamova, T. A., Aliev, Z. M. (2016). Primenenie elektroliza pod davleniem dlya destruktivnogo okisleniya fenola i azokrasiteley. Elektrohimiya, 52 (3), 291–300. doi: <https://doi.org/10.7868/s0424857016030063>
8. Maallah, R., Chtaini, A. (2018). Bacterial Electrode for the Oxidation and Detection of Phenol. Pharmaceutica Analytica Acta, 09 (03). doi: <https://doi.org/10.4172/2153-2435.1000580>
9. Ratanapongleka, K., Onsarn, A. (2018). Immobilization of Peroxidase from Cauliflower Stem on Ultrafiltration Membrane for Phenol Removal. Applied Mechanics and Materials, 879, 137–143. doi: <https://doi.org/10.4028/www.scientific.net/amm.879.137>
10. Wu, Y., Fu, X., Tian, G., Xuehong, G., Liu Z. (2018). Pervaporation of phenol wastewater with PEBA-PU blend membrane. Desalination and water treatment, 102, 101–109. doi: <https://doi.org/10.5004/dwt.2018.21861>
11. Ben Moshe, S., Rytwo, G. (2018). Thiamine-based organoclay for phenol removal from water. Applied Clay Science, 155, 50–56. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clay.2018.01.003>
12. Hu, L., Zhang, J., Li, N., Zhang, S., Chen, F., Ji, B. et. al. (2018). Adsorption of phenol from aqueous solutions using interlayer modified titanate nanotubes. Journal of Chemical Technology & Biotechnology, 93 (8), 2208–2215. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1002/jctb.5562>

13. Bai, X., Yang, L., Hagfeldt, A., Johansson, E. M. J., Jin, P. (2019). D35-TiO<sub>2</sub> nano-crystalline film as a high performance visible-light photocatalyst towards the degradation of bis-phenol A. *Chemical Engineering Journal*, 355, 999–1010. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2018.08.061>
14. Lebedeva, I. I., Sizeneva, I. P., Kisel'kov, D. M. (2015). Razrabotka vysokoaktivnogo fotokatalizatora na osnove mezoporistogodioksida titana, dopirovannogo oksidom alyuminiya. *Vestnik Permskogo nauchnogo centra*, 49–53.
15. Andrade, M. A., Carmona, R. J., Mestre, A. S., Matos, J., Carvalho, A. P., Ania, C. O. (2014). Visible light driven photooxidation of phenol on TiO<sub>2</sub>/Cu-loaded carbon catalysts. *Carbon*, 76, 183–192. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.carbon.2014.04.066>
16. Akhlaghian, F., Najafi, A. (2018). CuO/WO<sub>3</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> photocatalyst for degradation of phenol wastewater. *Scientia Iranica*. doi: <https://doi.org/10.24200/sci.2018.20611>
17. Li, H., Ji, J., Cheng, C., Liang, K. (2018). Preparation of phenol-formaldehyde resin-coupled TiO<sub>2</sub> and study of photocatalytic activity during phenol degradation under sunlight. *Journal of Physics and Chemistry of Solids*, 122, 25–30. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpcs.2018.06.012>
18. Skvorcova, L., Chuhlomina, L., Gormakova, N., Kozubec, M. (2013). Ocenka vozmozhnosti ochistki vody ot fenol'nyh soedineniy v usloviyah kataliticheskogo ozonirovaniya i UF izlucheniya s primeneniem kompoziciy B-N-Fe i Si-N-Fe. *Vestnik Tomskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta*, 370, 190–193.
19. Hella, K., Bahari, K., Sadi, F. (2014). Kataliticheskie svoystva mezoporistoy sistemy Fe-HMS v okislenii fenola. *Kinetika i kataliz*, 55 (4), 490–497. doi: <https://doi.org/10.7868/s0453881114040091>
20. Hryukin, M. B. (2017). Princip vybora osnovnyh razmerov peremeshivayushchih apparatov. *Academy*, 5, 46–49.
21. Chudakov, G. M., Ivanov, M. G. (2015). Razrabotka fil'truyushchih centrifug. *Nauchnye trudy KubGTU*, 5.
22. Zolotov, Yu. A. (2016). K voprosu o metodologii sozdaniya metodov kolichestvennogo himicheskogo analiza. *Zhurnal analiticheskoy himii*, 71 (10), 1061–1062. doi: <https://doi.org/10.7868/s0044450216100145>
23. Blinova, N. N., Aubakirova, R. A., Troeglazova, A. V. (2015). Metod bromatometricheskogo titrovaniya dlya analiza atmosfernogo vozduha na soderzhanie fenola. *Aktual'nye problemy gumanitarnykh i estestvennykh nauk*, 7, 20–28.
24. Cherkasova, C. O., Shapovalov, V. V., Dmitrenko, I. P., Budnik, A. P. (2017). Vliyanie fazovogo sostava dioksida titana na fotokataliticheskuyu degradaciyu organicheskikh krasiteley. *Inzhenerniy vestnik Dona*, 2.
25. Jacoby, W. A., Maness, P. C., Wolfrum, E. J., Blake, D. M., Fennell, J. A. (1998). Mineralization of Bacterial Cell Mass on a Photocatalytic Surface in Air. *Environmental Science Technology*, 32 (17), 2650–2653. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/es980036f>
26. Zhao, W., Chen, C., Li, X., Zhao, J., Hidaka, H., Serpone, N. (2002). Photodegradation of Sulforhodamine-B Dye in Platinized Titania Dispersions under Visible Light Irradiation: Influence of Platinum as a Functional Co-catalyst. *The Journal of Physical Chemistry B*, 106 (19), 5022–5028. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/jp020205p>
27. Mahapatra, S., Nayak, S. K., Madras, G., Guru Row, T. N. (2008). Microwave Synthesis and Photocatalytic Activity of Nano Lanthanide (Ce, Pr, and Nd) Orthovanadates. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, 47 (17), 6509–6516. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1021/ie8003094>