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**SUBSTANTIATION OF CORRECTNESS AND ADVANTAGES OF LENSTRA FACTORIZATION METHOD ON EDWARDS CURVES (p. 6-14)****Lyudmyla Kovalchuk**Institute of Foreign Intelligence Service of Ukraine,  
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The factorization problem, which is the basis for many classical asymmetric cryptosystems (RSA, Rabin, and others) and a cryptographically strong generator of pseudo-random sequences (PBS), has been investigated in this paper. The methods that served as prototypes for the Lenstra method were described, the method for factorization of numbers, which is analogous to the Lenstra method on Edwards curves, has been proposed. To substantiate the correctness of the method, an appropriate mathematical apparatus was developed. In addition, an analog of the Lenstra method on Edwards curves was constructed with the use of the presented apparatus; the appropriate algorithm for the factorization of numbers was designed. The correctness of the method and correctness of the algorithm operation were substantiated mathematically; the top analytical estimates of its performance speed, as well as the lower estimates of success probability, have been strictly proved. The advantages of the developed method in comparison with the classical Lenstra method, which applies elliptic curves in the Weierstrass form, were presented and strictly substantiated. A comparative analysis of the new and the classical algorithms was performed.

Results of the research provided a strict proof that the new algorithm on full Edwards curves, in comparison with

the classic one, has some advantages in terms of performance speed, by about 1.5 times. The presented experimental results show that the performance speed increases even larger (by up to 30 per cent) in case the twisted and quadratic curves are used instead of full Edwards curves. It was shown that the assessment of probability of success of the new method increases due to the emergence of new conditions that lead to success of the algorithm that are not satisfied for the classical Lenstra algorithm on Weierstrass curves.

The obtained results make it possible to decrease the time required for solving the problem on factorization by approximately 1.5 times, and thus, enable the faster breaking of cryptosystems whose stability is based on this problem.

**Keywords:** RSA cryptosystem, factorization problem, factorization methods, Lenstra method, Edwards curves.

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#### APPLICATION OF THE BASIC MODULE'S FOUNDATION FOR FACTORIZATION OF BIG NUMBERS BY THE FERMAT METHOD (p. 14-23)

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The Fermat method is considered to be the best for factorization of numbers  $N=p \times q$  in case of close  $p$  and  $q$ . Computational complexity of the basic algorithm of the method is determined by the number of check values of  $X$  when solving equation  $Y^2=X^2N$ , as well as by complexity of the arithmetic operations. To reduce it, it is proposed to consider admissible those of test values  $X$ , for which  $(X^2-N) \bmod bb$  is quadratic residue modulo  $bb$ , called basic. Application of basic foundation of module  $bb$  makes it possible to decrease the number of check  $X$  by the number of times, close to  $Z=bb/bb^*$ , where

$bb^*$  is the number of elements of set  $T$  of the roots of equation  $(Y \bmod b)^2 \bmod b = ((X \bmod b)^2 - N \bmod b) \bmod b$ , and  $Z$  is the acceleration coefficient.

It was determined that magnitude  $Z(N, bb)$  is affected by the value of residues  $N \bmod p$  (at  $p=2$ ,  $N \bmod 8$  residues are used). The statement of the problem of finding  $bb$  with a maximum  $Z(N, bb)$  at restrictions for the amount of memory of the computer, where exponents of prime numbers – multipliers  $bb$  – are determined, and the method of its solution were proposed.

To decrease the number of arithmetic operations with big numbers, it was proposed that instead of them to perform the operations with the values of differences between the nearest values of elements  $T$ . Then arithmetic operations of multiplication and addition with big numbers are performed only in rare cases. And if we derive the square root of  $X^2-N$  only in cases, where the values of  $(X^2-N) \bmod b$  will be quadratic residues for many foundations of module  $b$ , other than  $bb$ , the computational complexity of this operation can be neglected.

It was established that the proposed modified algorithm of the Fermat method for numbers  $2^{1024}$  ensures a decrease in computational complexity compared to the basic algorithm on average by  $10^7$  times.

**Keywords:** factorization, Fermat method, computational complexity, basic foundation, thinning, quadratic residues.

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**PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NIEDERREITER MODIFIED CRYPTOCODE SYSTEM ON TRUNCATED ELLIPTIC CODES (p. 24-31)**

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On the basis of the practical implementation of the classic Niederreiter scheme for non-binary codes, a pattern has been identified for practical implementation – fixing the admissible position vectors of the plaintext transformation based on equilibrium coding. The obtained set of position vectors of the error vector with a fixed set of masking matrices (the recipient's private key) allows us to obtain the algorithm for decoding the classical Niederreiter crypto-code scheme on non-binary codes. For this, a modification of the crypto-code system (CCS) is necessary. It is proposed to use the additional parameter of key data – the initialization vector (the set of invalid position vectors of the error vector). To counter the Sidelnikov attacks, it is proposed to use modified (shortened) algebraic-geometric (elliptic) codes (MEC). For this, it is necessary to use the second additional initialization vector (the set of positions for shortening the error vector). Based on the modification of the classical Niederreiter scheme on non-binary codes, applied algorithms for generating and decrypting a cryptogram in the Niederreiter

modified crypto-code system based on modified (shortened) elliptic codes and software are proposed. To confirm the profitability of the proposed crypto-code system, the results of the comparative evaluation of energy consumption for the implementation of the classical Niederreiter scheme on elliptic codes and the implementation of the proposed system on modified elliptic codes are presented. The results confirm the possibility of practical implementation of the Niederreiter crypto-code system based on the proposed algorithms. At the same time, the required level of cryptographic strength of the crypto-code system, protection of the cryptosystem against the Sidel'nikov attacks and an increase in the rate of cryptographic transformations by 3-5 times compared with the classical Niederreiter scheme are guaranteed.

**Keywords:** Niederreiter modified crypto-code system, modified shortened elliptic codes, equilibrium coding.

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**SYNTHESIS OF THE STRUCTURE OF FUNCTIONAL SYSTEMS OF CONVERSION CLASS WITH A PORTIONAL SUPPLY OF INITIAL PRODUCTS (p. 32-40)**

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The main efforts related to enterprise creation and development are aimed at improving efficiency of resource usage in the enterprise activities. Such problem can be successfully solved only if maximum efficiency is achieved at each stage

of the conversion process. In turn, solution of this problem at each separate stage relates to creation of a substantiated structure of an object of functional conversion of source products into end products during the system operation. Such an object capable of functioning with maximum efficiency of resource usage was defined by default as a “functional system”.

By the example of a technological process of liquid heating, the problem of synthesizing a functional system of a conversion class with a portioned supply of products of directional effect was solved. In the course of synthesis, the task of ensuring possibility of interaction of the system objects during formation of the end product with required consumer qualities was solved at the first stage.

Architecture of a module for identifying system operations and determining limit values of the effective control range was developed at the second stage of synthesis.

A module linking the level of demand for the end products of the system with optimal control of its productivity was created at the third stage.

Application of the proposed approach has enabled creation of a functional structure with a maximum number of degrees of control freedom. In turn, this solution has made it possible to form an optimal control trajectory depending on consumer demand for end products.

The proposed solution enables use of the synthesized architecture for functional systems of a conversion class with a portioned supply of source products.

**Keywords:** system synthesis, object structure, cybernetic model, functioning efficiency, operation model.

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**IMPROVING EFFICIENCY FOR ENSURING DATA GROUP ANONYMITY BY DEVELOPING AN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (p. 41-56)**

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Widespread introduction of methods that ensure anonymity of information about individual groups (teams) of respondents in the field of official statistics is restrained by the lack of relevant industrial information technologies and systems. A three-level client-server architecture of an information technology providing data group anonymity was provided in which clients, application servers and databases are united into a local network to enhance security of primary data. A conceptual data model covering all key components of group anonymity was described. Implementation of the technology based on the Java Enterprise Edition 8 platform, Oracle GlassFish Server application server, MySQL database server and SciLab engineering calculations system was considered.

The information technology enables providing of group anonymity of data in the event of a threat of its violation by analyzing data of an auxiliary microfile. The technology provides operations for constructing fuzzy group models using a genetic algorithm and modification of a microfile with the

help of a mimetic algorithm which enables effective providing of anonymity by introducing minor insignificant distortions into data.

Application of the technology was illustrated by solution of the task of providing anonymity of a military group based on real data of American Community Survey, 2013. It was shown that solving the problem by a team of five specialists has enabled at least two and a half times faster the process of preparation of a microfile than by the use of an existing technology.

**Keywords:** information technology, group anonymity, microfile, fuzzy model, evolutionary algorithm.

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