



CHEMICAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.92565

MODERNIZATION OF FERRATE(VI) TECHNOLOGY FROM THE IRON HYDROXIDES

page 4–8

Golovko Dmitriy, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Inorganic Substances Technology and Ecology, Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology, Dnipro, Ukraine, e-mail: golovkod@mail.ru, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0379-083X>

Golovko Igor, Assistant, Department of Analytical Chemistry and Food Additives and Cosmetics, Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology, Dnipro, Ukraine, e-mail: e20@ua.fm, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5273-2818>

Shevchenko Ludmila, PhD, Associate professor, Department of Physical and Inorganic Chemistry, Oles Honchar Dnipropetrovsk National University, Dnipro, Ukraine, e-mail: ludmilashevchenko@bigmir.net, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5656-5663>

Goncharova Irina, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Commodity, Safety and Quality Management, Kyiv National University of Trade and Economics, Ukraine, e-mail: irina.goncharova.knteu@gmail.com, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7867-9154>

As an alternative of the solid iron salts to improve the ferrate(VI) technology it is proposed to use Fe(II) or Fe(III) hydroxides that are synthesized using special technique. The patterns of Fe(VI) compounds production from iron hydroxides by hypochlorite method are studied in the article.

The effect of the main factors (OH^- and Cl^- ions concentration, temperature, duration of the synthesis, the molar ratio of the reactants $[\text{ClO}^-]/[\text{Fe(II)}]$ or $[\text{ClO}^-]/[\text{Fe(III)}]$) to yield of the desired product is studied.

It is shown that conversion degree of iron hydroxides into ferrates reaches 80–86 %. It is found that using the Fe(OH)_2 , except ferrate anions FeO_4^{2-} , byproduct (Fe_3O_4 magnetite) is formed in an amount not exceeding about 4 % of total Fe.

It is found that ferrate(VI) yield is reduced with increasing temperature, therefore for reducing the rate of FeO_4^{2-} decomposition it is recommended to carry out the synthesis at low temperatures.

It is found that conversion degree (α) of hydroxides into ferrates is also increased with increase of $[\text{ClO}^-]/[\text{Fe(II)}]$ or $[\text{ClO}^-]/[\text{Fe(III)}]$ values. Therefore, it should be maintained 2–3 fold excess oxidant to ensure the optimal values of α .

The practical guidelines of ferrate(VI) production from Fe(II) and Fe(III) hydroxides are developed on the basis of experiments.

Keywords: synthesis of ferrate(VI), sodium hydroxide, hypochlorite, Fe(II) and Fe(III) hydroxides.

References

1. Sun, X., Sun, X., Zhang, Q., Liang, H., Ying, L., Xiangyu, M., Sharma, V. K. (2016). Ferrate(VI) as a greener oxidant: Electrochemical generation and treatment of phenol. *Journal of Hazardous Materials*, 319, 130–136. doi:10.1016/j.jhazmat.2015.12.020
2. Yates, B. J., Zboril, R., Sharma, V. K. (2014). Engineering aspects of ferrate in water and wastewater treatment – a review. *Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part A*, 49 (14), 1603–1614. doi:10.1080/10934529.2014.950924
3. Sharma, V. K. (2008). Ferrates: Synthesis, Properties, and Applications in Water and Wastewater Treatment. *ACS Symposium Series*. American Chemical Society, 524. doi:10.1021/bk-2008-0985
4. Farmand, M., Jiang, D., Wang, B., Chosh, S., Ramaker, D. E., Licht, S. (2011). Super-iron nanoparticles with facile cathodic charge transfer. *Electrochemistry Communications*, 13 (9), 909–912. doi:10.1016/j.elecom.2011.03.039
5. Brauer, G. (1985). *Rukovodstvo po neorganicheskemu sintezu*. Vol. 5. Moscow: Mir, 360.
6. El Maghraoui, A., Zerouale, A., Ijjaali, M. (2015). Effect of Degree of ClO^- Hypochlorite on the Wet Synthesis of Ferrate(VI). *Advanced in Materials Physics and Chemistry*, 5 (4), 133–139. doi: 10.4236/amc.2015.54014
7. Shilov, V. P., Gogolev, A. V. (2010). Oxidation of Fe(III) to Fe(VI) by ozone in alkaline solutions. *Russian Journal of General Chemistry*, 80 (5), 895–898. doi:10.1134/s107036321005004x
8. Delaude, L., Laszlo, P. (1996). A Novel Oxidizing Reagent Based on Potassium Ferrate(VI). *The Journal of Organic Chemistry*, 61 (18), 6360–6370. doi:10.1021/jo960633p
9. Golovko, D. A., Golovko, I. D. (2015). Peculiarities of ferrates (VI) synthesis from ferrous sulfate. *Bulletin of the National Technical University «KhPI» Series: New solutions in modern technologies*, 62 (1171), 107–112.
10. Chalyi, V. P. (1972). *Gidrookisim metallov*. Kyiv: Naukova dumka, 159.
11. Sanchez-Carretero, A., Saez, C., Canizares, P., Cotillas, S., Rodriguez, M. A. (2011). Improvements in the Electrochemical Production of Ferrates with Conductive Diamond Anodes Using Goethite as Raw Material and Ultrasound. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, 50 (11), 7073–7076. doi:10.1021/ie101438e
12. Golovko, D. A., Sharma, V. K., Suprunovich, V. I., Pavlova, O. V., Golovko, I. D., Bouzek, K., Zboril, R. (2011). A Simple Potentiometric Titration Method to Determine Concentration of Ferrate(VI) in Strong Alkaline Solutions. *Analytical Letters*, 44 (7), 1333–1340. doi:10.1080/00032719.2010.511748
13. Golovko, D., Sharma, V., Pavlova, O., Belyanovskaya, E., Golovko, I., Suprunovich, V., Zboril, R. (2011). Determination of submillimolar concentration of ferrate(VI) in alkaline solutions by amperometric titration. *Open Chemistry*, 9 (5), 808–812. doi:10.2478/s11532-011-0069-8

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93383

DESIGN OF POLYMERIC COMPOSITE MATERIALS FOR COATINGS AND SEALANTS WITH INCREASED WEATHER RESISTANCE

page 9–14

Saitarly Svetlana, Postgraduate student, Department of Applied Ecology, Technology of Polymers and Chemical Fibers, Kyiv National University of Technologies and Design, Ukraine, e-mail: svetlanasaitarly@gmail.com, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1344-444X>

Plavan Viktoriya, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Head of Department of Applied Ecology, Technology of Polymers and Chemical Fibers, Kyiv National University of Technologies and Design, Ukraine, e-mail: plavan.vp@knutd.com.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9559-8962>

Pushkarev Yuryi, PhD, Assistant Professor, Department of Organic and Pharmaceutical Technology, Odessa National Polytechnic University, Ukraine, e-mail: pushkarev_yura@i.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4976-9630>

In order to develop polymeric composite materials (PCM) for coatings and sealants with good weather resistance and physical and mechanical properties, the object of research is oligomeric composition based on hydrogenated oligobutadienedions with finite hydroxyl groups. The main disadvantage of oligobutadienedion-based compositions is unsatisfactory chemical resistance to air, due to the presence of double bonds in the polymer chain.

In order to maximize eliminate the main disadvantage, it is decided to use oligomers that are subjected to partial hydrogenation.

It is revealed that GI oligomers can be considered as binding bases of mortarless elastomeric compositions for coatings and sealants with good weather resistance due to the low viscosity and sufficiently small unsaturation values. Analysis of the kaolin effect as a filler on structural and mechanical properties of GI oligomers is determines that due to the low structural viscosity of GI oligomers for practical use as a binding PCM bases, it is necessary further inject the structuring additives into them, for example – Aerosil.

The presence of hydroxyl groups makes it possible to perform composition structuring using diisocyanates at room temperature to obtain ozone resistant sealants and protective coatings. It is determined that the coatings, derived from kaolin-filled (20 % wt.) and aerosil (5 % wt.) GI oligomer, are characterized by high adhesion to steel Cr3, more than 5 MPa for separation, without the use of primers and adhesives.

Keywords: protective coatings, hydrogenated oligobutadienedion, rheological properties, effect of filler, weather resistant properties.

References

- Barabash, D. E., Barabash, A. D. (2015). Design features of the formulations of corrosion-resistant materials based on liquid rubbers. *Bulletin of Voronezh State University of Architecture and Civil Engineering*, 2 (9), 47–54.
- Turchaninov, V. I. (2012). *Tekhnologiya krovel'nyh i gidroizoliatsionnyh materialov*. Orenburg: OOO IPK «Universitet», 285.
- Medvedev, V. P., Ogrel, A. M., Lukianichev, V. V., Hamidulin, M. G. (27.09.2002). Kompozitsia dlia pokrytii. Patent № 2190002 RF, MPK S 09 D175/08. Filed 14.08.2000. Available: <http://www.findpatent.ru/patent/219/2190002.html>
- Bakirova, I. N., Galeva, E. I. (2012). Polyurethane sealant based on reclaimed sulphur-containing oligoether urethane. *Encyclopedia of Chemical Engineer*, 1, 19–22.
- Yamskii, V. A., Koftuk, V. A., Poliakova, M. N., Vorobieva, L. G. (2008). Vlianie gidroksilsoderzhashchih oligomerov na svoistva dvuhkomponentnyh poliuretanovyh LKM. *Lakokrasochnye materialy i ih primenenie*, 6, 14–17.
- Park, H.-S., Kim, S.-R., Park, H.-J., Kwak, Y.-C., Hahn, H.-S., Kim, S.-K. (2003). Preparation and characterization of weather resistant silicone/acrylic resin coatings. *Journal of Coatings Technology*, 75 (1), 55–64. doi:10.1007/bf02697923
- McKeen, L. W. (2017). Elastomers and Rubbers. *Permeability Properties of Plastics and Elastomers*. Elsevier BV, 209–247. doi:10.1016/b978-0-323-50859-9.00010-5
- Decker, C., Masson, F., Schwalm, R. (2004). Weathering resistance of waterbased UV-cured polyurethane-acrylate coatings. *Polymer Degradation and Stability*, 83 (2), 309–320. doi:10.1016/s0141-3910(03)00276-3
- Thomson, T. (2004). Polyurethane Chemistry in Brief. *Polyurethanes as Specialty Chemicals*. CRC Press, 208. doi:10.1201/9781420039665.ch2
- Nistratov, A. V. (2014). *Fiziko-himicheskie printsipy razrabotki retseptur i tekhnologii kompozitsii na osnove oligotiolov, oligodienov i oligoefirov, ispol'zuemyh dlia poluchenija polimernyh materialov s uluchshennymi tehniko-ekspluatatsionnymi harakteristikami*. Volgograd: Volgograd State Technical University, 48.
- GI Series / Both-end Hydroxyl Group-terminated Hydrogenated Polybutadiene. (2012). *NIPPON SODA CO., LTD*. Available: <http://www.nippon-soda.co.jp/pb/list.html#gi>. Last accessed: 20.01.2017.
- Zhang, J., Zao, W., Wang, L., Zhao, Y. (2013). Preparation and characterization of low-temperature hydrogenated nitrile butadiene rubber hybrid with hydrogen bonds for the sealing applications. *Materials & Design*, 52, 896–904. doi:10.1016/j.matdes.2013.06.040
- Ukrainskaia, S. I. (2013). *Novye poliuretanovye elastomery s uluchshennymi molekularnymi harakteristikami na osnove oligo-butadiendiolov*. Volgograd: Volgograd State Technical University, 24.
- Ebnasajjad, S., Landrock, A. H. (2015). Characteristics of Adhesive Materials. *Adhesives Technology Handbook*. Elsevier BV, 84–159. doi:10.1016/b978-0-323-35595-7.00005-x
- Ebnasajjad, S. (2011). Characteristics of Adhesive Materials. *Handbook of Adhesives and Surface Preparation*. Elsevier BV, 137–183. doi:10.1016/b978-1-4377-4461-3.10008-2
- Shull, K. R. (2002). Contact mechanics. *Adhesion Science and Engineering*. Elsevier BV, 577–604. doi:10.1016/b978-0-444-51140-9.50042-1
- In: Gilbert, M. (2017). *Brydson's Plastics Materials*. Ed. 8. Elsevier BV, 859. doi:10.1016/c2014-0-02399-4
- Chen, A. T., Wojcik, R. T. (2010). Polyurethane coatings for metal and plastic substrates. *Metal Finishing*, 108 (11-12), 108–121. doi:10.1016/s0026-0576(10)80220-x
- Petrie, E. M. (2010). Resistance of adhesives, sealants, and coatings to corrosive environments. *Metal Finishing*, 108 (9), 38–40. doi:10.1016/s0026-0576(10)80187-4
- Zvonkina, I. J., Hilt, M. (2015). Tuning the mechanical performance and adhesion of polyurethane UV cured coatings by composition of acrylic reactive diluents. *Progress in Organic Coatings*, 89, 288–296. doi:10.1016/j.porgcoat.2015.08.006
- Zmihorska-Gotfryd, A. (2004). Coating compositions based on modified phenol-formaldehyde resin and urethane prepolymers. *Progress in Organic Coatings*, 49 (2), 109–114. doi:10.1016/j.porgcoat.2003.09.002
- Medvedev, G. V., Vaniev, M. A., Tuzhikov, O. O., Ryzhkina, A. A., Novakov, I. A. (2015). Development of polyurethane materials with increased weather resistance. *Izvestia VSTU*, 4 (159), 91–94.
- Pushkarev, Yu. N. (2012). *Ebonitovye kompozitsii i pokrytiia na osnove oligobutadienov*. Kharkiv: Burun Kniga, 172.
- Tager, A. A.; In: Asadskii, A. A. (2007). *Fiziko-himiia polimerov*. Ed. 4. Moscow: Nauchnyi mir, 576.

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93218

REPRODUCING OF SECURITY AND LIMITED VISIBILITY OF FIRE WEAPONS OF DEFENCE LINE FROM AERIAL RECONNAISSANCE

page 15–18

Karachun Volodimir, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Department of Biotechnics and Engineering, National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: karachun11@i.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6080-4102>

The object of the research is a process of an elastic interaction of ultrasound beam with a cylindrical module in the form of two circular shells with same length coaxially connected to their ends. Sealed gap between two circular shells is filled with fluid.

Outside irradiation by the ultrasonic beam affects the properties of the module, including the emergence of local characteristics of the outer shell, and to change energy state of liquid-static gap between shells.

It is great interest in the applied use of these changes for echolocation tasks in terms of artificial formation of «acoustic transparency» situation.

The following research methods are used: methods of construction of fencing structures, methods of radiation acoustics and methods of hydroacoustics.

The features of the studied mechanical system are revealed at the resonant level of wave coincidence. The content of aberration phenomena of sound waves that are emitted into the liquid is defined and surface barriers in the form of caustic zone with a high degree of turbulence and energy state is built. Economic conditions for use of ultrasound beam energy to the desired «acoustic transparency» of the outer shell at low and below the limit frequencies are outlined.

Comparative analysis of the object photos inside the inner shell for the original time and during irradiation allows qualitatively assess change clear outline of the object to blurred patch that was the aim of research. Opportunities for quality improvement of effect are related to the choice of physical and chemical, in particular, optical properties of the liquid.

Thus, caustic zone, which is formed artificially by ultrasound, will block echolocation means and make invisible military equipment of open field fortifications.

Keywords: wave size, aberration, caustic zone, wave coincidence.

References

- Karachun, V., Mel'nick, V., Korobiichuk, I., Nowicki, M., Szewczyk, R., Kobzar, S. (2016). The Additional Error of Inertial Sensors Induced by Hypersonic Flight Conditions. *Sensors*, 16 (3), 299. doi:10.3390/s16030299
- Bondariev, I. H., Kolomiiets, M. V. (2016). Evoliutsia vitchyznianykh system aktyvnoho zakhystu bronetankovo tekhniki. Napriamy udoskonalennia y rozyvku. *Perspektyvy rozyvku ozbroiennia ta viiskovoi tekhniki Sukhoputnykh viisk. Zbirnyk tez dopovidei Mizhnarodnoi naukovo-tehnichnoi konferentsii (Lviv, 18-20 travnia 2016 r.)*. Lviv: NASV, 16.
- Kazan, P. I., Ivanytskyi, M. H. (2016). Osnovni napriamy udoskonalennia sistemy otsiniuvannia operatyvnykh (boiovykh) spromozhnostei viiskovych chastyin (pidrozdiliv) Sukhoputnykh viisk zbroinykh syl Ukrayny. *Perspektyvy rozyvku ozbroiennia ta viiskovoi tekhniki Sukhoputnykh viisk. Zbirnyk tez dopovidei Mizhnarodnoi naukovo-tehnichnoi konferentsii (Lviv, 18-20 travnia 2016 r.)*. Lviv: NASV, 37–38.
- Mel'nick, V. N., Karachun, V. V., Boiko, G. V. (2013). Acoustic impedance of inertial navigator and mistakes outside target-determination manoeuvre on march. *Aviatsionno-kosmicheskai tehnika i tehnologiya*, 5, 50–60.
- Mel'nick, V., Ladogubets, N.; National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», National Aviation University. (2016). *Volnovye zadachi v akusticheskikh sredah*. Kyiv: Korneichuk, 432.
- Karachun, V. V., Mel'nick, V. N.; National Technical University of Ukraine «Kyiv Polytechnic Institute». (2011). *Zadachi suprovodu ta maskuvannia rukhomyykh obiektiv*. Kyiv: Korniichuk, 264.
- Mel'nick, V., Karachun, V. (2012). Additional errors of autonomous azimuthal positioning of fighting machines. *Eastern-European Journal Of Enterprise Technologies*, 2(7(56)), 4–7. Available: <http://journals.uran.ua/eejet/article/view/3749>
- Uchenye sozdali prostoi mimikririushchii kamufliazh. (17.09.2014). *ZOOM.CNews*. Available: http://zoom.cnews.ru/rnd/article/item/uchenye_sozdali_prostoj_mimikririushchij. Last accessed: 19.01.2016.
- Brone Sait. (1999). Available: <http://armor.kiev.ua/>. Last accessed: 19.01.2016.
- GlobalSecurity.org. (2000). Available: <http://globalsecurity.org/>. Last accessed: 19.01.2016.
- Defense-Update. (2002). Available: <http://defense-update.com/>. Last accessed: 19.01.2016.
- Gitin, A. V. (2008). Legendre transformation: Connection between transverse aberration of an optical system and its caustic. *Optics Communications*, 281 (11), 3062–3066. doi:10.1016/j.optcom.2008.02.003
- Rose, H. (2004). Outline of an ultracorrector compensating for all primary chromatic and geometrical aberrations of charged-particle lenses. *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment*, 519 (1-2), 12–27. doi:10.1016/j.nima.2003.11.115
- Kimoto, K., Ishizuka, K., Tanaka, N., Matsui, Y. (2003). Practical procedure for coma-free alignment using caustic figure. *Ultramicroscopy*, 96 (2), 219–227. doi:10.1016/s0304-3991(03)00020-2
- Ermolaev, A. A. (1984). *Voiskovye fortifikatsionnye sooruzheniya*. Moscow: Voennoe izdatel'stvo, 375.
- Zaborov, V. I. (1969). *Teoriia zvukoizolatsii ogranzhdaishchih konstruktsii*. Moscow: Izdatel'stvo literatury po stroitel'stvu, 187.
- Shenderov, E. L. (1972). *Volnovye zadachi gidroakustiki*. Leningrad: Sudostroenie, 352.

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93546

A STUDY OF FORMATION PECULIARITIES AND PROPERTIES OF IRON COATINGS WITH REFRactory METALS ON GRAY CAST IRON SCH18

page 19–28

Karakurkchi Ann, PhD, Head of Research Laboratory, National Technical University «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: anyutukr@gmail.com, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1287-3859

The features of the formation of iron multi-component coatings with refractory metals (molybdenum and tungsten) from citrate electrolytes based on iron(III) on substrates made of gray cast iron SCH18 are studied. It is shown that the electrolysis mode and the density of cathodic polarization effect on the current efficiency, the content of alloying elements in coatings and their distribution over the surface, allowing to control electrodeposition process. It is found that with increasing current density coatings are enriched with alloying components while increasing the porosity as a result of the intensification of hydrogen release. Rational intervals of current densities are determined for galvanostatic regime and pulse polarization regime for formation of iron-molybdenum and iron-molybdenum-tungsten coatings with a high content of alloying elements, the output flow is up to 85 % and coating deposition rate of 25–30 µm/h.

It is shown that the addition of the refractory metals in the thin film results in an amorphous coating structure and formation of extended microglobular surface consisting of grains of various sizes. It is found that a high degree of surface extension and substantial contents of tungsten and molybdenum provide high wear resistance performance and corrosion resistance, and low friction coefficient compared with the substrate material. These materials can be used as reinforcement and protection in a variety of industries.

Keywords: iron coating, gray cast iron, refractory metals, electrodeposition, electrolytic alloy, corrosion resistance.

References

- Ved, M. V., Sakhnenko, M. D. (2010). *Katalitychni ta zakhysni pokryttia splavamy i skladnymy oksydamy: elektrokhimichnyi syntez, prohnozuвання властивостей*. Kharkiv: NTU «KhPI», 272.
- Yermolenko, I. (2014). Studying peculiarities of cathodic iron reduction from electrolytes based on Fe (III). *Technology Audit And Production Reserves*, 4(1(18)), 44–48. doi:10.15587/2312-8372.2014.26315
- Tsyntsaru, N., Bobanova, J., Ye, X., Cesilis, H., Dikusar, A., Prosycevas, I., Celis, J.-P. (2009). Iron–tungsten alloys electrodeposited under direct current from citrate-ammonia plating baths. *Surface and Coatings Technology*, 203 (20-21), 3136–3141. doi:10.1016/j.surfcoat.2009.03.041
- Tsyntsaru, N., Dikusar, A., Cesilis, H., Celis, J.-P., Bobanova, Z., Sidel'nikova, S., Belevskii, S., Yapontseva, Yu., Bersirova, O., Kublanovskii, V. (2009). Tribological and corrosive characteristics of electrochemical coatings based on cobalt and iron superalloys. *Powder Metallurgy and Metal Ceramics*, 48 (7-8), 419–428. doi:10.1007/s11106-009-9150-7
- Tsyntsaru, N. I., Bobanova, Z. I., Kroitoru, D. M., Cheban, V. F., Poshtaru, G. I., Dikusar, A. I. (2010). Effect of a multilayer structure and lubrication on the tribological properties of coatings of Fe-W alloys. *Surface Engineering and Applied Electrochemistry*, 46 (6), 538–546. doi:10.3103/s1068375510060025
- Donten, M., Cesilis, H., Stojek, Z. (2000). Electrodeposition and properties of Ni-W, Fe-W and Fe-Ni-W amorphous alloys. *A comparative study*. *Electrochimica Acta*, 45 (20), 3389–3396. doi:10.1016/s0013-4686(00)00437-0

7. Donten, M., Stojek, Z., Cesulius, H. (2003). Formation of Nanofibers in Thin Layers of Amorphous W Alloys with Ni, Co, and Fe Obtained by Electrodeposition. *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, 150 (2), C95–C98. doi:10.1149/1.1536994
8. Cesulius, H., Donten, M., Donten, M. L., Stojek, Z. (2001). Electrodeposition of Ni-W, Ni-Mo and Ni-Mo-W Alloys from Pyrophosphate Baths. *Materials Science (Medziagotyra)*, 7 (4), 237–241.
9. Nabiyouni, G., Saeidi, Sh., Kazeminezhad, I. (2012). Magnetic and nanostructural characteristics of electrodeposited supermalloy (Ni-Fe-Mo) thin films. *Research and Reviews in Materials Science and Chemistry*, 1 (1), 1–14.
10. Podlaha-Murphy, E. J. (2013). Electrodeposition of Ni-Fe-Mo-W Alloys. 1st Quarterly Report January–March, 2013. AESF Research Project #R-117. *NASF Surface Technology White Papers*, 77 (12), 11–17.
11. Podlaha-Murphy, E. J. (2013). Electrodeposition of Ni-Fe-Mo-W Alloys. 2nd Quarterly Report April–June, 2013. AESF Research Project #R-117. *NASF Surface Technology White Papers*, 77 (12), 18–27.
12. Podlaha, E. J. (1997). Induced Codeposition. *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, 144 (5), 1672–1680. doi:10.1149/1.1837658
13. Podlaha-Murphy, E. J. (2014). Electrodeposition of Ni-Fe-Mo-W Alloys. 4th thru 6th Quarterly Reports October, 2013 – June 2014. AESF Research Project #R-117. *NASF Surface Technology White Papers*, 79 (2), 1–14.
14. Sun, S., Bairachna, T., Podlaha, E. J. (2013). Induced Codeposition Behavior of Electrodeposited NiMoW Alloys. *Journal of the Electrochemical Society*, 160 (10), D434–D440. doi:10.1149/2.014310jes
15. Kuznetsov, V. V., Golyanin, K. E., Pshenichkina, T. V. (2012). Electrodeposition of iron-molybdenum alloy from ammonium citrate electrolyte. *Russian Journal of Electrochemistry*, 48 (11), 1107–1112. doi:10.1134/s1023193512110109
16. Kuznetsov, V. V., Golyanin, K. E., Pshenichkina, T. V., Lyakhov, B. F., Lyashenko, S. E. (2013). Chemical composition of Fe–Mo alloys obtained by electrodeposition. *Mendeleev Communications*, 23 (6), 331–333. doi:10.1016/j.mencom.2013.11.009
17. Barbano, E. P., Da Silva, F. S., Carlos, I. A., Valles, E. (2017). New electrolytic bath for electrodeposition of protective binary FeMo and ternary FeMoP films. *Journal of Alloys and Compounds*, 695, 319–328. doi:10.1016/j.jallcom.2016.10.208
18. Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, N. D., Karakurchi, A. V., Zyubanova, S. I. (2014). Electrodeposition of iron-molybdenum coatings from citrate electrolyte. *Russian Journal of Applied Chemistry*, 87 (3), 276–282. doi:10.1134/s1070427214030057
19. Karakurkchi, A. V., Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, N. D., Zyubanova, S. I., Yermolenko, I. Yu. (2014). Elektroosazhdennie dvojnykh i trojnykh splavov zheleza iz tsitratnykh elektrolitov. *Nanotehnologii: nauka i proizvodstvo*, 3 (30), 24–27.
20. Karakurkchi, A. V., Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, N. D., Yermolenko, I. Y. (2015). Electrodeposition of iron–molybdenum–tungsten coatings from citrate electrolytes. *Russian Journal of Applied Chemistry*, 88 (11), 1860–1869. doi:10.1134/s1070427215011018x
21. Karakurkchi, A. V., Ved', M. V., Yermolenko, I. Y., Sakhnenko, N. D. (2016). Electrochemical deposition of Fe–Mo–W alloy coatings from citrate electrolyte. *Surface Engineering and Applied Electrochemistry*, 52 (1), 43–49. doi:10.3103/s1068375516010087
22. Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, M. D., Bohoyavlens'ka, O. V., Nenastina, T. O. (2008). Modeling of the surface treatment of passive metals. *Materials Science*, 44 (1), 79–86. doi:10.1007/s11003-008-9046-6
23. Ved, M., Glushkova, M., Sakhnenko, N. (2013). Catalytic properties of binary and ternary alloys based on silver. *Functional Materials*, 20 (1), 87–91. doi:10.15407/fm20.01.087
24. Yar-Mukhametova, G., Ved, M., Sakhnenko, N., Karakurkchi, A., Yermolenko, I. (2016). Iron binary and ternary coatings with molybdenum and tungsten. *Applied Surface Science*, 383, 346–352. doi:10.1016/j.apsusc.2016.04.046
25. Karakurkchi, A. V., Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, N. D., Yermolenko, I. Yu., Zyubanova, S. I., Kolupayeva, Z. I. (2015). Functional properties of multicomponent galvanic alloys of iron with molybdenum and tungsten. *Functional Materials*, 22 (2), 181–187. doi:10.15407/fm22.02.181
26. Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, M. D., Karakurkchi, H. V., Ermolenko, I. Y., Fomina, L. P. (2016). Functional Properties of Fe–Mo and Fe–Mo–W Galvanic Alloys. *Materials Science*, 51 (5), 701–710. doi:10.1007/s11003-016-9893-5
27. Sakhnenko, N. D., Ved', M. V., Karakurkchi, A. V. (2013). Electrodeposition of the iron-molybdenum alloys. *Issues of Chemistry and Chemical Technology*, 4, 178–182.
28. Ved', M. V., Sakhnenko, N. D., Karakurkchi, A. V., Yermolenko, I. Yu. (2015). Electroplating and functional properties of Fe–Mo and Fe–Mo–W coatings. *Issues of Chemistry and Chemical Technology*, 5–6 (98), 53–60.

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93629

CONSTRUCTION OF MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF DISSOLUTION PROCESS OF SOLIDS UNDER ACTION OF ULTRASOUND

page 28–33

Mel'nick Viktorij, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Head of Department of Biotechnics and Engineering, National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: vmm71@i.ua, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0004-7218

Ruzhinska Ludmila, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Biotechnics and Engineering, National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: ruzhli@ukr.net, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1223-7649

Forostyanko Vitalij, Department of Biotechnics and Engineering, National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: forostyanko1993@mail.ru, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4276-8213

An influence of the ultrasound beam on the process, dissolution of solids in liquid solvents is considered: influence of frequency, intensity, velocity of acoustic vibrations, cavitation and acoustic flows on mass transfer process.

Experimental researches show that the intensification of dissolution process of solids in liquid solvents under action of ultrasound is influenced by acoustic flows, microflows and under influence of cavitation bubbles. Development of new efficient equipment for solution requires the development of calculation methods of dissolution processes of solids in liquid solvents under conditions of ultrasonic irradiation. Such methods should take into account the characteristics of ultrasonic generators, irradiation frequency of ultrasonic vibrations, power and intensity of ultrasonic vibrations.

Mathematical model of dissolution process of the granule is constructed. It identifies the change of size of the granule over time under influence of the source of ultrasonic irradiation. Mathematical model consists of three differential equations used to calculate depending on the ratio of the granule size and the maximum turbulence scale of acoustic flows and for cavitation.

The mathematical model will enable use in conducting numerous studies as a basis of equipment calculation methods for dissolution process of granular material.

Keywords: dissolution, ultrasound, diffusion, mass transfer, intensification, cavitation, bubbles, solid granule, rate.

References

- Berezin, B. D., Krestov, G. A. (1999). *Osnovnye zakony himii*. Moscow: Nauka, 95.
- Zdanovskii, A. B.; In: Viazov, V. V. (1956). Kinetika rastvorenija prirodnih solei v usloviyah vynuzhdennoi konvektsii. *Trudy*

- Vsesoiuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta galurgii. Vol. 33.* Leningrad: Goshimizdat, 219.
3. Nikiforov, M. Yu., Alper, G. A., Durov, V. A., Korolev, V. P., Viugin, A. I., Krestov, G. A., Miasoedova, V. V., Krestov, A. G. (1989). *Rastvory neelektrolitov v zhidkostyah*. Moscow: Nauka, 263.
 4. Lebedev, N. M., Tihonov, M. A., Kazukov, O. V., Lebedev, O. Yu., Kireeva, Z. V., Kuznetsova, O. B. (2007). Issledovanie sovmestnogo vlianiia ul'trafioletovogo oblucheniia (UFO) i ul'trazvukovo obrabotki (UZO) na dinamiku okislitel'no-vosstanovitel'nyh protsessov v vodnoi srede. *Materialy VI Kongressa obogatitelei stran SNG, 28–30 marta 2007 g. Vol. II.* LLC «Aleksandra-Plius», 234–237.
 5. Mel'nick, V. M., Trivailo, M. S., Karachun, V. V. (2009). *Masoobmin i aeratsiya v bioreaktorakh*. Kyiv: Korniichuk, 96.
 6. Kudriashov, V. L., Siverskaia, A. N., Lebedev, N. M., Naumov, K. V., Lyzhin, V. E., Pavlova, E. S., Pogorzhelskaia, N. S., Malikova, N. V. (2002). Effektivnost' i problemy primeneniia ul'trazvuka v tehnologicheskikh liniyah pishchevoi promyshlennosti. *Trudy nauchno-prakticheskoi konferentsii «Tehnologicheskie aspekty kompleksnoi pererabotki sel'skohoziastvennogo syria pri proizvodstve ekologicheski bezopasnyh pishchevyh produktov obshchego i spetsial'nogo naznacheniia», 11–14 sentiabria 2002 g.* Uglich: Rossel'hozakademija, 249–252.
 7. Ponomarev, V. D. (1976). *Ekstragirovanie lekarstvennogo syria*. Moscow: Meditsina, 202.
 8. Lebedev N. M., Kazukov O. V., Koniahin A. V.; assignee: LLC «Aleksandra-Plius». (10.11.2010). Complex module for treating liquid medium in stream. Patent RU 2403209 C2. Appl. № 2008115030. Filed 16.04.2008. Available: <https://patents.google.com/patent/RU2403209C2/ru>
 9. Durbha, K. S., Aravamudan, K. (2012). Quantification of surface area and intrinsic mass transfer coefficient for ultrasound-assisted dissolution process of a sparingly soluble solid dispersed in aqueous solutions. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry*, 19 (3), 509–521. doi:10.1016/j.ulsonch.2011.09.008
 10. Pereira, S. V., Colombo, F. B., de Freitas, L. A. P. (2016). Ultrasound influence on the solubility of solid dispersions prepared for a poorly soluble drug. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry*, 29, 461–469. doi:10.1016/j.ulsonch.2015.10.022
 11. Grenman, H., Murzina, E., Ronnholm, M., Eranen, K., Mikkola, J.-P., Lahtinen, M., Salmi, T., Murzin, D. Y. (2007). Enhancement of solid dissolution by ultrasound. *Chemical Engineering and Processing: Process Intensification*, 46 (9), 862–869. doi:10.1016/j.cep.2007.05.013
 12. Inigo, A. C., Alonso, R., Vicente-Tavera, S. (2001). Dissolution of salts crystallised in building materials using ultrasound: an alternative to NORMAL (1983) standard methodology. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry*, 8 (2), 127–130. doi:10.1016/s1350-4177(00)00062-6
 13. Lan, W., Liu, C.-F., Yue, F.-X., Sun, R.-C., Kennedy, J. F. (2011). Ultrasound-assisted dissolution of cellulose in ionic liquid. *Carbohydrate Polymers*, 86 (2), 672–677. doi:10.1016/j.carbpol.2011.05.013
 14. Sicaire, A.-G., Vian, M. A., Fine, F., Carre, P., Tostain, S., Cheimat, F. (2016). Ultrasound induced green solvent extraction of oil from oleaginous seeds. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry*, 31, 319–329. doi:10.1016/j.ulsonch.2016.01.011
 15. Karimi, M., Jenkins, B., Stroeve, P. (2014). Ultrasound irradiation in the production of ethanol from biomass. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 40, 400–421. doi:10.1016/j.rser.2014.07.151
 16. Akselrud, G. A. (1970). *Masoobmen v sisteme tverdoe telozhidkost'*. Lviv: Lviv University Publishing, 188.
 17. Shutilov, V. A. (1980). *Osnovy fiziki ul'trazvuka*. Leningrad: Leningrad University Publishing, 280.
 18. Novitskii, B. G. (1983). *Primenenie akusticheskikh kolebanii v himiko-tehnologicheskikh protsessah*. Moscow: Himija, 192.
 19. Ultraschall für Öl, Gas und erneuerbare Kraftstoffe. *Hielscher – Ultrasound Technology*. Available: https://www.hielscher.com/de/oil_gas_01.htm

ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93633

INFLUENCE OF REDOX POTENTIAL OF DIFFERENT WATER QUALITY ON THE HUMAN BLOOD

page 34–38

Matsiyevska Oksana, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Hydraulics and Sanitary Engineering, Lviv Polytechnic National University, Ukraine, e-mail: Ok_M@ukr.net, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5784-0236>

The problem of influence of redox potential of water on human blood is considered and some of research results in this area are given. Results of clinical experiments indicate a positive therapeutic effect of water consumption with the negative value of the redox potential. However, the influence of salt content of such water on the human body isn't analyzed. Distilled, tap and natural mineral medical-table water «Polyana Kvasova» (Ukraine) are analyzed. Distilled water doesn't have drinking water properties. The value of the total salt content of «Polyana Kvasova» mineral water far exceeds the standard value of allowable salt content in the water. Tap water (Lviv, Ukraine) is characterized by physiological full value of mineral composition.

All water samples in accordance with pH value, except distilled water, meet drinking water quality indicators. The value of the redox potential is most favorable to the human body for «Polyana Kvasova» mineral water. The source water saturation with molecular hydrogen and activation in electric activator can reduce its redox potential for negative values. Change of the quality parameters for activated water (catholyte) indicates their non-compliance with drinking water indicators. Quality of hydrogen-saturated water hasn't changed. Water consump-

tion with negative redox potential improves blood condition of the experimenter compared to the reference Consumption of activated water (catholyte) has immunomodulatory effect rather than an antioxidant effect. The powerful antioxidant effect of hydrogen-saturated water is indicated. Blood state close to ideal is observed after consumption of natural mineral medical-table hydrogen-saturated water «Polyana Kvasova».

Saturation of water with hydrogen can be considered as a method of improving drinking water quality and, thus, human health.

Keywords: drinking water, redox potential, hydrogen-saturated water, electroactivated water.

References

1. Matsiyevska, O. (2015). Study of water quality in the distribution network of the centralized water supply system in the city of Lviv. *Eastern-European Journal Of Enterprise Technologies*, 6(6(78)), 62–70. doi:10.15587/1729-4061.2015.56225
2. Matsiyevska, O. O. (2015). The Research of Influence of Water of Different Hardness on Human Blood. *Scientific Bulletin of Ukrainian National Forestry University*, 25.10, 173–178.
3. Goncharuk, V. V., Bagrii, V. A., Mel'nik, L. A., Chebotareva, R. D., Bashtan, S. Yu. (2010). Ispol'zovanie okislitel'no-vosstanovitel'nogo potentsiala v protsessah vodopodgotovki. *Journal of Water Chemistry and Technology*, 32 (1), 3–19.
4. Kim, M.-J., Kim, H. K. (2006). Anti-diabetic effects of electrolyzed reduced water in streptozotocin-induced and genetic diabetic mice. *Life Sciences*, 79 (24), 2288–2292. doi:10.1016/j.lfs.2006.07.027
5. Rahmanin, Yu. A., Stehin, A. A., Yakovleva, G. V., Tatarinov, V. V. (2013). Novyi faktor risika zdorov'ia cheloveka – defitsit elektronov v okruzhaiushchey srede. *Strategija grazhdanskoi zashchity: problemy i issledovaniia*, 3(1(4)), 39–51.

6. Peresichnyi, M., Fedorova, D. (2013). The electroactivated water in human nutrition. *Commodities and Markets*, 1, 70–86.
7. Hong, Y., Chen, S., Zhang, J.-M. (2010). Hydrogen as a Selective Antioxidant: A Review of Clinical and Experimental Studies. *Journal of International Medical Research*, 38 (6), 1893–1903. doi:10.1177/147323001003800602
8. Ohsawa, I., Ishikawa, M., Takahashi, K., Watanabe, M., Nishimaki, K., Yamagata, K., Katsura, K.-I., Katayama, Y., Asoh, S., Ohta, S. (2007). Hydrogen acts as a therapeutic antioxidant by selectively reducing cytotoxic oxygen radicals. *Nature Medicine*, 13 (6), 688–694. doi:10.1038/nm1577
9. Ichihara, M., Sobue, S., Ito, M., Ito, M., Hirayama, M., Ohno, K. (2015). Beneficial biological effects and the underlying mechanisms of molecular hydrogen – comprehensive review of 321 original articles. *Medical Gas Research*, 5 (1), 12. doi:10.1186/s13618-015-0035-1
10. Kajiyama, S., Hasegawa, G., Asano, M., Hosoda, H., Fukui, M., Nakamura, N., Kitawaki, J., Imai, S., Nakano, K., Ohta, M., Adachi, T., Obayashi, H., Yoshikawa, T. (2008). Supplementation of hydrogen-rich water improves lipid and glucose metabolism in patients with type 2 diabetes or impaired glucose tolerance. *Nutrition Research*, 28 (3), 137–143. doi:10.1016/j.nutres.2008.01.008
11. Nakao, A., Toyoda, Y., Sharma, P., Evans, M., Guthrie, N. (2010). Effectiveness of Hydrogen Rich Water on Antioxidant Status of Subjects with Potential Metabolic Syndrome – An Open Label Pilot Study. *Journal of Clinical Biochemistry and Nutrition*, 46 (2), 140–149. doi:10.3164/jcbn.09-100
12. Kang, K.-M., Kang, Y.-N., Choi, I.-B., Gu, Y., Kawamura, T., Toyoda, Y., Nakao, A. (2011). Effects of drinking hydrogen-rich water on the quality of life of patients treated with radiotherapy for liver tumors. *Medical Gas Research*, 1 (1), 11. doi:10.1186/2045-9912-1-11
13. Ishibashi, T., Sato, B., Rikitake, M., Seo, T., Kurokawa, R., Hara, Y., Naritomi, Y., Hara, H., Nagao, T. (2012). Consumption of water containing a high concentration of molecular hydrogen reduces oxidative stress and disease activity in patients with rheumatoid arthritis: an open-label pilot study. *Medical Gas Research*, 2 (1), 27. doi:10.1186/2045-9912-2-27
14. Xia, C., Liu, W., Zeng, D., Zhu, L., Sun, X., Sun, X. (2013). Effect of Hydrogen-Rich Water on Oxidative Stress, Liver Function, and Viral Load in Patients with Chronic Hepatitis B. *Clinical and Translational Science*, 6 (5), 372–375. doi:10.1111/cts.12076
15. Yoritaka, A., Takanashi, M., Hirayama, M., Nakahara, T., Ohta, S., Hattori, N. (2013). Pilot study of H 2 therapy in Parkinson's disease: A randomized double-blind placebo-controlled trial. *Movement Disorders*, 28 (6), 836–839. doi:10.1002/mds.25375
16. Song, G., Lin, Q., Zhao, H., Liu, M., Ye, F., Sun, Y., Yu, Y., Guo, S., Jiao, P., Wu, Y., Ding, G., Xiao, Q., Qin, S. (2015). Hydrogen Activates ATP-Binding Cassette Transporter A1-Dependent Efflux Ex Vivo and Improves High-Density Lipoprotein Function in Patients With Hypercholesterolemia: A Double-Blinded, Randomized, and Placebo-Controlled Trial. *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*, 100 (7), 2724–2733. doi:10.1210/jc.2015-1321

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93690

RESEARCH OF WAYS TO REDUCE MECHANICAL INFLUENCE ON FLOCULES IN A CENTRIFUGE

page 39–45

Shkop Andrii, Department of Chemical Technique and Industrial Ecology, National Technical University «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: shkop_ecomass@ukr.net, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1974-0290

Tseitlin Musii, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Department of Chemical Technique and Industrial Ecology, National Technical University «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: mzeit@i.ua, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-2452-7814

Shestopalov Oleksii, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Chemical Technique and Industrial Ecology, National Technical University «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: shestopaloz.it@khipi.edu.ua, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0001-6268-8638

Raiko Valentina, PhD, Professor, Department of Chemical Technique and Industrial Ecology, National Technical University «Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: raiko.ntu@yandex.ua, ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5527-1874

The ways to reduce the mechanical influence on flocculated aggregates of polydisperse sludge at its dewatering in the centrifuges are studied. It is determined that by changing the design of the feed pipe and the conditions of slurry supply in the centrifuge can be reduced hydromechanical effect on sludge flocs, providing their minimum destruction. It is proposed to install the guide channels along the side surface of the feed pipe so that the direction of slurry flow from the channels coincides with the direction of rotor rotation. Pulp flows along a tangent to the drum surface and only a small part of the flow experiences shear stresses. Installation of booster sleeve with guide pipes, preventing suspension spraying, in the drum allows the slurry to flow down smoothly directly on the surface of the rotor bath depth. It is found that such improvement of centrifuge design increases the efficiency of treatment of flocculated sludge to 99 % and reduces the entrainment of solids with centrate by minimizing destruction of flocs.

Keywords: sludge treatment unit, polydisperse sludge, destruction of flocs, strength of flocs, centrifuge improvement.

References

1. Ofori, P., Nguyen, A. V., Firth, B., McNally, C., Ozdemir, O. (2011). Shear-induced floc structure changes for enhanced dewatering of coal preparation plant tailings. *Chemical Engineering Journal*, 172 (2-3), 914–923. doi:10.1016/j.cej.2011.06.082
2. Kumar, S., Bhattacharya, S., Mandre, N. R. (2014). Characterization and flocculation studies of fine coal tailings. *Journal of the Southern African Institute of Mining and Metallurgy*, 114 (11), 945–949.
3. Kumar, S., Mandre, N. R., Bhattacharya, S. (2015). Flocculation Studies of Coal Tailings and the Development of a Settling Index. *International Journal of Coal Preparation and Utilization*, 36 (6), 293–305. doi:10.1080/19392699.2015.1062001
4. Parekh, B. K. (2009). Dewatering of fine coal and refuse slurries—problems and possibilities. *Procedia Earth and Planetary Science*, 1 (1), 621–626. doi:10.1016/j.proeps.2009.09.098
5. Ji, Y., Lu, Q., Liu, Q., Zeng, H. (2013). Effect of solution salinity on settling of mineral tailings by polymer flocculants. *Colloids and Surfaces A: Physicochemical and Engineering Aspects*, 430, 29–38. doi:10.1016/j.colsurfa.2013.04.006
6. Wang, W.-D., Wang, H.-F., Sun, J.-T., Sun, Y. (2013). Experimental study on slime water flocculation sediment based on the montmorillonite hydration expansion inhibition. *Journal of Coal Science and Engineering (China)*, 19 (4), 530–534. doi:10.1007/s12404-013-0414-y
7. Shkop, A. (2015). Dewatering coal polydisperse suspensions. *Eastern-European Journal Of Enterprise Technologies*, 2(6(74)), 44–49. doi:10.15587/1729-4061.2015.40557
8. Poluliah, A. D., Poluliah, D. A. (2013). Tehniko-ekologicheskii analiz tehnologicheskikh reshenii po obrabotke zhidkih othodov TsOF «Pavlogradskaya». *Zbahachennia korysnykh kopalyn*, 52 (93), 145–154.
9. Troshin, G. P., Shkop, A. A., Savel'ev, S. A., Ponomareva, N. G. (2015). The technology of processing and dewatering finely grained sludge from a coal cleaning plant. *Water Supply and Sanitary Technique*, 2, 74–78.
10. Borts, M. A., Gupalo, Yu. P. (1972). *Obezvozhivanie hvostov flocks ugleobogatitel'nyh fabrik*. Moscow: Nedra, 302.

11. Vigdergauz, V. E., Golberg, G. Y. (2013). Mechanical destruction of flocs by shearing. *Journal of Mining Science*, 49 (2), 284–289. doi:10.1134/s1062739149020111
12. Golberg, G. Yu., Lavrinenko, A. A. (2015). Formation, existence and breakup of flocculation structures. *Mining Informational and Analytical Bulletin*, 11, 47–54.
13. Konovalova, T. A., Veksler, G. B., Lavrinenko, A. A., Golberg, G. Yu. (2014). Use of flocculants to improve environmental safety of water circuit of coal preparation plants. *Izvestiya MGTU MAMI*, 1(3(19)), 5–10.
14. Il'in, S. O., Malkin, A. Y., Korobko, E. V., Novikova, Z. A., Zhuravskii, N. A. (2011). Rheological properties of high-concentration suspensions used for obtaining electrorheological media. *Journal of Engineering Physics and Thermophysics*, 84 (5), 1016–1025. doi:10.1007/s10891-011-0562-0
15. Heller, H., Keren, R. (2002). Anionic Polyacrylamide Polymers Effect on Rheological Behavior of Sodium-Montmorillonite Suspensions. *Soil Science Society of America Journal*, 66 (1), 19–25. doi:10.2136/sssaj2002.0019
16. Evmenova, G. L. (2008). Influence of deformation of a medium on flocculation of coal dispersions. *Journal of Mining Science*, 44 (3), 298–301. doi:10.1007/s10913-008-0020-3
17. Kolodnikov, I. A., Kladiev, S. N., Krivopustov, S. I. (2010). Ochistka rastvorov uransoderzhashchih soedinenii ot mehanicheskikh primesei metodom tsentrifugirovaniia. *Bulletin of the Tomsk Polytechnic University*, 2, 50–54
18. Shkop, A., Tseitlin, M., Shestopalov, O. (2016). Exploring the ways to intensify the dewatering process of polydisperse suspensions. *Eastern-European Journal Of Enterprise Technologies*, 6(10(84)), 35–40. doi:10.15587/1729-4061.2016.86085

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93766

STUDY OF MODIFICATION OF MAGNETICALLY LABELED YEASTS *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* FOR COPPER CATIONS Cu²⁺ REMOVAL

page 45–49

Karpenko Yuryi, Postgraduate student, Department of Bioinformatics, National Technical University of Ukraine «Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute», Ukraine, e-mail: y.karpenko@kpi.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9619-8012>

Research of biosorption and search for the cheapest and effective biosorbents of heavy metals are important for wastewater treatment, recovery and allocation of precious metals. Biosorbent artificially provided with magnetic properties quickly and efficiently can be removed from the workspace. Magnetically labeled biosorbent obtained by multi-vortical MHD stirring of yeast *S. cerevisiae* with nanoscale magnetic labels is able to remove from solutions a wide range of metals, and is the subject of the study.

Sorption properties of cell walls in the case of passive biosorption are dependent from represented on its surface functional groups such as carboxyl and amino groups. Quantitative analysis of the contribution of functional groups, lipids and proteins in sorption capacity of magnetically labeled cells of interest for understanding the sorption of metal cations, interactions of particles of magnetite with cell wall and sorption of metal cations by immobilized magnetite. There is a need to detect how many functional groups are blocked by magnetite during multi-vortical MHD stirring.

To solve this problem it is prompted to investigate and analyze the sorption capacity of magnetically labeled yeast by modifying the surface of biosorbent by extraction or blocking in terms of biosorption by functional groups.

The results showed that the carboxyl groups, and after them the amino group of the cell wall of native and magnetically labeled yeasts have the greatest contribution to the sorption of copper cations. Magnetic labels interact with –COOH groups and block them – about 15 % of the cell wall components ex-

tracted using NaOH. At the same time 1 % by weight of magnetite provides biosorbent equivalent amount of copper cations binding sites on the surface of cells, which in turn leads to the same sorption capacity of native and magnetically labeled yeasts.

Keywords: magnetically labeled yeast *S. cerevisiae*, sorption capacity of biosorbent, functional groups.

References

1. Gorobets, S. V., Mykhailenko, N. O., Karpenko, Yu. V. (2013). Determination of optimum characteristics of magnetically operated biosorbent based on *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* yeasts. *Chemistry, physics and technology of surface*, 4 (2), 219–225.
2. Wang, J., Chen, C. (2009). Biosorbents for heavy metals removal and their future. *Biotechnology Advances*, 27 (2), 195–226. doi:10.1016/j.biotechadv.2008.11.002
3. Gorobets, S. V., Karpenko, Yu. V., Kovalev, O. V., Olshevsky, V. V. (2013). Application of Magnetically Labeled Cells *S. cerevisiae* as Biosorbents at Treatment Plants. *Naukovyi Visnyk NTUU KPI*, 3 (89), 42–47.
4. Abbas, S. H., Ismail, I. M., Mostafa, T. M., Sulaymon, A. H. (2014). Biosorption of Heavy Metals: A Review. *Journal of Chemical Science and Technology*, 3 (4), 74–102.
5. Wang, T., Zheng, X., Wang, X., Lu, X., Shen, Y. (2017). Different biosorption mechanisms of Uranium(VI) by live and heat-killed *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* under environmentally relevant conditions. *Journal of Environmental Radioactivity*, 167, 92–99. doi:10.1016/j.jenvrad.2016.11.018
6. Geva, P., Kahta, R., Nakonechny, F., Aronov, S., Nisnevitch, M. (2016). Increased copper bioremediation ability of new transgenic and adapted *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* strains. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 23 (19), 19613–19625. doi:10.1007/s11356-016-7157-4
7. Xu, M., Zhang, Y., Zhang, Z., Shen, Y., Zhao, M., Pan, G. (2011). Study on the adsorption of Ca²⁺, Cd²⁺ and Pb²⁺ by magnetic Fe₃O₄ yeast treated with EDTA dianhydride. *Chemical Engineering Journal*, 168 (2), 737–745. doi:10.1016/j.cej.2011.01.069
8. Emanet, M., Fakhrullin, R., Culha, M. (2016). Boron Nitride Nanotubes and Layer-By-Layer Polyelectrolyte Coating for Yeast Cell Surface Engineering. *ChemNanoMat*, 2 (5), 426–429. doi:10.1002/cnma.201600044
9. Gorobets, S. V., Gorobets, O. Y., Goyko, I. Y., Kasatkina, T. P. (2004). Intensification of the extraction process of copper and chromium (VI) ions from the solutions in a magnetic field. *Functional Materials*, 11 (4), 793–797.
10. Aronbaev, S. D., Nasimov, A. M., Aronbaev, D. M. (2011). Biosorbsiya tiazhelyh metalov kletochnymi obolochkami drozhzhei *saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Vserossiiskii zhurnal nauchnyh publikatsii*, 1 (2), 13–15.
11. Gorobets, S. V., Gorobets, O. Yu., Demianenko, I. V., Nikolaenko, R. N. (2013). Self-organization of magnetite nanoparticles in providing *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Yeasts with magnetic properties. *Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials*, 337–338, 53–57. doi:10.1016/j.jmmm.2013.01.004
12. Gorobets, S., Gorobets, O., Chyzh, Y., Kovalev, O., Perizhok, V., Golub, V. (2016). Analysis of effectiveness of magnetically labeled biosorbent obtained through the mechanical and magnetohydrodynamic stirring. *EUREKA: Physics and Engineering*, 5, 37–43. doi:10.21303/2461-4262.2016.00165
13. Liu, J., Zhao, Z., Jiang, G. (2008). Coating Fe₃O₄ Magnetic Nanoparticles with Humic Acid for High Efficient Removal of Heavy Metals in Water. *Environmental Science & Technology*, 42 (18), 6949–6954. doi:10.1021/es800924c
14. Soares, E. V., Soares, H. M. V. M. (2013). Cleanup of industrial effluents containing heavy metals: a new opportunity of valorising the biomass produced by brewing industry. *Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology*, 97 (15), 6667–6675. doi:10.1007/s00253-013-5063-y
15. Kushnirov, V. V. (2000). Rapid and reliable protein extraction from yeast. *Yeast*, 16 (9), 857–860. doi:10.1002/1097-0061(20000630)16:9<857::aid-yea561>3.0.co;2-b
16. Tobin, J. M., Cooper, D. G., Neufeld, R. J. (1990). Investigation of the mechanism of metal uptake by denatured Rhizopus arrh-

- zus biomass. *Enzyme and Microbial Technology*, 12 (8), 591–595. doi:10.1016/0141-0229(90)90132-a
17. Kapoor, A., Viraraghavan, T. (1997). Heavy metal biosorption sites in *Aspergillus niger*. *Bioresource Technology*, 61 (3), 221–227. doi:10.1016/s0960-8524(97)00055-2
18. Azevedo, R. B., Silva, L. P., Lemos, A. P. C., Bao, S. N., Laca-va, Z. G. M., Safarik, I., Safarikova, M., Morais, P. C. (2003). Morphological study of *saccharomyces cerevisiae* cells treated with magnetic fluid. *IEEE Transactions on Magnetics*, 39 (5), 2660–2662. doi:10.1109/tmag.2003.815547

FOOD PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93806

DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES OF FONDANT CANDIES WITH SYNBiotics

page 50–55

Korkach Hanna, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Technology of Bread, Pastry, Pasta and Food Concentrates, Odessa National Academy of Food Technologies, Ukraine, e-mail: kor2007@ukr.net, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9147-5508>

Krusir Galina, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Head of Department of Ecology and Nature Protection Technologies, Odessa National Academy of Food Technologies, Ukraine, e-mail: krusir_65@mail.ru, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-2451-2364>

Confectionery products are an addition to food and their weight in the diet is about 10 %. However, candies based on sugar fondant consist of carbohydrates and are the sources of «empty» calories. In this connection, in recent years, the issues of confectionary functionalization become relevant.

The object of this research is the process of formulating the fondant candies using symbiotic complex

Functional ingredients in symbiotic composition are bifidobacteria and lactulose. Microencapsulation technology is used for «protection» of microbial cells from the effects of physiological and technological factors.

Research on the effect of symbiotics on the structural, mechanical and chemical properties of fondant is conducted. It is determined that in test samples of fondant with increasing amount of lactulose there is a decrease in viscosity. It plays a positive role in candy mass molding by casting method. Experimental data on the content of dry and reducing substances in the finished product is possible to determine the optimum amount of lactulose.

Biomedical research of fondant candies with symbiotics proves that they have antidisbiotic properties and are able to attach therapeutic effect at a dysbiosis.

Keywords: microencapsulated bifidobacteria, prebiotic, lactulose, symbiotics, microencapsulation, fondant candies.

References

- Analiz ukrainskogo rynka konfet. (28.03.2016). *KOLORO Brend Design*. Available: <http://koloro.ua/blog/issledovaniya/Analiz-ukrainskogo-rynka-konfet.html>
- In: Shafranskii, V. V.; Ministry of Health of Ukraine, SI «Ukrainian Institute of Strategic Research of Ministry of Health of Ukraine». (2016). *Shchorichna dopovid pro stan zdorovia naselenia, sanitarno-epidemichnu sytuatsiu ta rezultaty dialnosti systemy oхorony zdorovia Ukrayny. 2015 rik*. Kyiv, 452.
- Cheikhyssef, A., Pogori, N., Chen, W., Zhang, H. (2008). Antimicrobial proteinaceous compounds obtained from bifidobacteria: From production to their application. *International Journal of Food Microbiology*, 125 (3), 215–222. doi:10.1016/j.ijfoodmicro.2008.03.012
- Shenderov, B. A. (2001). *Meditinskai mikrobnai ekologiya i funktsional'noe pitanie. Vol. 3. Probiotiki i funktsional'noe pitanie*. Moscow: Grant, 288.

- Biavati, B., Mattarelli, P. (2006). The Family Bifidobacteriaceae. *The Prokaryotes*. Springer Nature, 322–382. doi:10.1007/0-387-30743-5_17
- Piksasova, O. V., Kornienko, M. A., Tsygankov, Yu. D., Netrusov, A. I. (2009). Methods of Molecular Identification as Important Tools for Control and Certification in Microbiology. *Electronic Journal of Natural Sciences*, 1, 35–49.
- Feklisova, L. V., Ganina, V. I., Inozemtseva, V. F., Titova, L. V., Leonteva, O. Yu. (1995). Novyi mikrobenyi preparat «Bifitsid» pri lechenii detei s ostrymi kishechnymi zabolеваниями. *Rossiiskii vestnik perenatologii i pediatrii*, 7, 21–26.
- Kapreliants, L. V. (2015). *Prebiotiki: himiya, tehnologiya, primenie*. Kyiv: EnterPrint, 252.
- Monsan, P., Paul, F. (1995). Enzymatic synthesis of oligosaccharides. *FEMS Microbiology Reviews*, 16 (2-3), 187–192. doi:10.1111/j.1574-6976.1995.tb00165.x
- Riabtseva, S. A. (2003). *Tehnologiya laktulozy*. Moscow: DeLiprint, 232.
- Igarashi, C., Ezawa, I. (1991). Effects of whey calcium and lactulose on the strength of bone in ovariectomized osteoporosis model rats. *Pharmacometrics*, 42, 245–253.
- Voragen, A. G. J. (1998). Technological aspects of functional food-related carbohydrates. *Trends in Food Science & Technology*, 9 (8-9), 328–335. doi:10.1016/s0924-2244(98)00059-4
- Zubchenko, A. V. (1999). *Tehnologiya konditerskogo proizvodstva*. Voronezh: VSTA, 432.
- Anan'eva, N. V., Ganina, V. I., Nefedova, N. V., Gabril'yan, G. R. (2006). Application of the immobilized forms of probiotic bacteria in milk products manufacturing. *Molochnaya promyshlennost*, 11, 46–47.
- Korkach, H. V., Muratov, V. H., Kyrtoka, I. O. (2012). Rozrobka tekhnolohii pomadnykh tsukerok funktsionalnoho pryznachennia. *Materialy IV Vseukrainskoi naukovo-praktychnoi konferentsii «Novitni tendentsii u kharchovykh tekhnolohiiakh ta yakist i bezpechnist produktiv»*. Lviv, 48–51.
- Korkach, H. V., Kyrtoka, I. O.; assignee: Odessa National Academy of Food Technologies. (25.02.2013). Method for making fondant sweets. Patent UA 77558 U, MPK A 23 G 3/00. Appl. № u201206905. Filed 05.06.2012. Bull. № 4. Available: <http://uapatents.com/4-77558-sposib-virobnictva-pomadnikh-cukerok.html>

DOI: 10.15587/2312-8372.2017.93864

DETERMINATION OF QUALITY AND SAFETY OF SWEET ALMONDS, WHICH ARE IMPORTED INTO UKRAINE FROM SPAIN

page 56–61

Kalashnyk Elena, PhD, Associate Professor, Department of Expertise and Customs, Poltava University of Economics and Trade, Ukraine, e-mail: kalashyk1968@meta.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9281-2564>

Remizova Nadezhda, Head of Research Test Center Food, SE «Poltavastandardmetrologiya», Poltava, Ukraine, e-mail: Remizo2p@rambler.ru, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5879-784X>

Moroz Svetlana, PhD, Poltava Cooperative College, Ukraine, e-mail: smor@meta.ua, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7180-3060>

Tkachenko Alina, PhD, Senior Lecturer, Department of Expertise and Customs, Poltava University of Economics and Trade, Ukraine, e-mail: alina_biaf@ukr.net, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5521-3327>

Rachynskaya Zoya, Assistant, Department of Expertise and Customs, Poltava University of Economics and Trade, Ukraine, e-mail: marta00.87@mail.ru, ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-4210-7119>

Globalization leads to expansion of market foreign trade relations between the countries. This encourages the development of competition and, thus, improves product quality. However, the important aspect is the unification of regulations in all countries, because in practice, the requirements for some products are differ, making difficult entering products into world markets. Ukraine is a developing country, so it is a very timely issue for bringing standards into line with European standards. This determines the importance of comparison and study of regulatory requirements for quality of goods in different countries. Requirements for quality and safety of sweet almond nuts in various countries are analyzed and compared. It is established that the existing standards in Ukraine have some differences from European, particularly for the separation of the commodity grades. Investigation of product quality for compliance with Ukrainian standards is carried out. The following organoleptic properties are tested during the study: appearance, density and surface, state of the kernel, taste and smell of the kernel. Moisture and ash content are investigated among the physical-chemical parameters. It is established that sweet almond nuts is the high-quality nuts according to organoleptic and physico-chemical parameters. Due to the frequent cases of information falsification that is common among imported product, product labeling and packaging are analyzed in detail and its compliance with applicable regulations is established. Analysis of the product in terms of safety, such as the content of toxic substances (lead, cadmium, copper), allow to assert that imported products are safe to use, because the level of cadmium and copper is almost twice lower than the permitted limit, and the level of lead is lower by 5 times. The research results can be used for updating expert methods of almonds by expert institutions and customs authorities during the expertise of almonds and its customs clearance. The research results are promising for the development of new methods for determining the quality of sweet almond nuts. Important issue of future research is to determine the stability of quality and safety indicators during storage.

Keywords: inventory pomological group, Nonpareil almond, California almond, Mission almond, quality indicators, safety indicators.

References

1. Sanchez-Bel, P., Egea, I., Martinez-Madrid, M. C., Flores, B., Romojarro, F. (2008). Influence of Irrigation and Organic/Inorganic Fertilization on Chemical Quality of Almond (*Prunus amygdalus cv. Guara*). *Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry*, *56* (21), 10056–10062. doi:10.1021/jf8012212
2. Medical Research Council. Available: <https://www.mrc.ac.uk/>. Last accessed: 10.12.2016.
3. Josse, A. R., Kendall, C. W. C., Augustin, L. S. A., Ellis, P. R., Jenkins, D. J. A. (2007). Almonds and postprandial glycemia – a dose-response study. *Metabolism*, *56* (3), 400–404. doi:10.1016/j.metabol.2006.10.024
4. King, J. C., Rechkemmer, G., Geiger, C. J. (2008). Second International Nuts and Health Symposium, 2007: Introduction. *Journal of Nutrition*, *138* (9), 17345–17355.
5. Ros, E. (2010). Health Benefits of Nut Consumption. *Nutrients*, *2* (7), 652–682. doi:10.3390/nu2070652
6. Jambazian, P., Haddad, E., Rajaram, S., Tanzman, J., Sabate, J. (2005). Almonds in the diet simultaneously improve plasma α -tocopherol concentrations and reduce plasma lipids. *Journal of the American Dietetic Association*, *105* (3), 449–454. doi:10.1016/j.jada.2004.12.002
7. Romero, A. (2014). Almond quality requirements for industrial purposes – its relevance for the future acceptance of new cultivars from breeding programs. *Acta Horticulturae*, *1028*, 213–220. doi:10.17660/actahortic.2014.1028.34
8. Zhu, Y., Taylor, C., Sommer, K., Wilkinson, K., Wirthensohn, M. (2014). Effect of deficit irrigation on almond kernel constituents. *Acta Horticulturae*, *1028*, 221–223. doi:10.17660/actahortic.2014.1028.35
9. Technical Information Kit. *California Almonds*. Available: <http://www.almonds.com/sites/default/files/content/Technical%20%20Information%20Kit.pdf>. Last accessed: 10.12.2016.
10. Ahmad, Z. (2010). The uses and properties of almond oil. *Complementary Therapies in Clinical Practice*, *16* (1), 10–12. doi:10.1016/j.ctcp.2009.06.015
11. Spiller, G. A., Jenkins, D. J., Craven, L. N., Gates, J. E., Bonsello, O., Berra, K., Rudd, C., Stevenson, M., Superko, R. (1992). Effect of a diet high in monounsaturated fat from almonds on plasma cholesterol and lipoproteins. *Journal of the American College of Nutrition*, *11* (2), 126–130.
12. Grundy, M. M. L., Carriere, F., Mackie, A. R., Gray, D. A., Butterworth, P. J., Ellis, P. R. (2016). The role of plant cell wall encapsulation and porosity in regulating lipolysis during the digestion of almond seeds. *Food Funct.*, *7* (1), 69–78. doi:10.1039/c5fo00758e